Genealogies.

THE HASSAM FAMILY.

THE HILTON FAMILY.

THE CHEEVER FAMILY.

Gc

GENEALOGY COLLECTION

M. D.





Mrs. John T. Hassam

Zely and barran Borton Zavs. april 1896.







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THE

HASSAM FAMILY.°

BY

JOHN T. HASSAM, A.M.

PRIVATELY PRINTED.

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A Few copies of this paper have been printed for private distribution. See also the articles entitled "The Hassam Family," and "The Hassam Family, Additional Notes," published by me in the New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for October, 1870 (xxiv. 414) [xxvii. 317], and July, 1889 (xliii. 320), and "Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families," Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1880, privately printed.

J. T. H.



THE HASSAM FAMILY.

Hassam is a corruption of the English surname Horsham. In the unsettled orthography of our early records, it appears not only in its proper form Horsham, but quite as frequently Horsom, Horsome, Horsum, Horsum, Horsom, Hossom, Hossum, Hossom, Hassom, Hassam, Hassum, Hoshom, Harshom, Harshom, Harshom, and Hashum, and Isalam, and sometimes Harsome, Harsom and Harsum.* In regard to pronunciation, Hassam now conforms to the present mode of spelling, although some aged people still adhere to the old pronunciation Horsham.

Among the lists of the names and ages of the emigrants who left the port of London during the year ending Christmas, 1635, is one headed as follows: †

neaded as follows:7

"16 Aprilis 1635. Theis p'ties hereafter expressed are to be transported to the Island of Providence imbarqued in y' Expectacion Cornelius Lillingo Mr. having taken the oaths of Allegeance and Supremacie; As likewise being conformable to the Church of England; whereof they brought testimonic from the Ministers and Justices of Peace, of their Abodes." Among the names in this list are

Edward Horsham 14 Elizab: Horsham 16 Dorcas Horsham 40.

The island of New-Providence, one of the Bahamas, was taken by the Spaniards in 1641 and the settlers were driven off. Most of them sought refuge in the other English colonies, and some nudoubtedly canze to New-England.

At a special Court sitting in Boston 27 April 1660,‡ John Horsam, master of the ship "Sampson," then in the harbor of Boston, recovered judgment against the owners for his own wages and the

wages of the ship's company.

In the list§ of "The names of such Ship' & masters that have Come in & Gon out of our Harbor & Given bond for His may"s Customes" is the following: "16 10="61 The Ship Salamander of boston burden 70 tonn bound for London Jno Horsam Tho Ginis."

* Drake's Founders of New-England, p. 104.

‡ Suffolk Deeds, iii., 365, New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for July 1877 (xxxi., 311).

Mass. Archives, Ix., 33. N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register for July, 1877 (xxxi., 331).

^{*} It is probable that Hersam, or Hersom, a surrame not uncommon in some parts of New-England, is of the same origin. Curistopher Herson was one of the early settlers of Wenham, and hat a grant of land there Sth day of 5th month, 1643, when it was part of Salem and was called Enon. The inventory of the estate of Mary Hersome of Wenham, wildow, is dated 21 7th no. 1643.

Samuel Horsham of the Island of Barbadoes, merchant, agent

SMMEE HORSMAN of the Sand factor to John Horsham and Company, merchants, of Plymouth, England, gives a letter of attorney, April 15, 1678, to Lieut. Richard Way of Boston in New England to bring suit against Nicholas Shapleigh of Kittery, Me.*



Barbadoes, April 15, 1678.

In 1665 Jeremie Hossom was taxed at Coeheco, and the names Horsom, Horsom, Hossom and Horsom are of not infrequent occurrence in the records of Dover and the neighboring towns of New-Hampshire and Maine.

1. WILLIAM HASSAN, —or HORSHAM as he himself wrote the

name,—to whose descendname ants this paper more particularly relates, settled at an Salem, July 31, 1684. early period in Manehester,

Mass., in that part of the town called Newport. He had several grants of land there, the first being prior to April, 1684. In his petition to the Court in Salem July 31, 1684,‡ he states that he is a stranger here, with no relations or friends, although in England and elsewhere several of no mean condition. He is frequently mentioned in the town records, where his name appears in no fewer than thirteen of the different modes of spelling above given. He was constable in 1693, in 1696 one of the surveyors of highways and fence viewers, in 1705 culler of fish and one of the surveyors of highways, and in 1706 one of the persons appointed to prevent depredations on the town's common land. He m. in Marblehead, Dec. 4, 1684, Sarah, dau. of Samuel Allen, of Manchester, and d. in Manchester about 1735. Their children, all born in Manchester, were:—

- i. William, b. Feb. 1, 1685.
- Samuel, b. Aug. 13, 1688; d. before 1706.
- 3. iii. Jonn,
- b. Dec. 7, 1692.
 b. March 28, 1695.
- iv. Sarah, b. March 28
- v. Benjamin, b. Oct. 2, 1697.
- vi. Joseph,
 b. Jan. 1, 1699–1700.

Middlesex Court Records, iii., 291. N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxxi., 331.
 The will of John Horsham of Plymouth, Co. Devon, England, merchant, dated 11 Dec.
 1688, was protated 6 July 1689 at Doctor's Commons, London.

^{1688,} was protated 6 July 1689 at Doctor's Commons, London. John Horsham, E-q., of Eurbadoes, was one of the subscribers to Schomburgk's History of Barbedoes, London, 1548.

[†] N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxiv., 414. † Essex Court Files xlii., 28-34. N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, July, 1880 (xxxiv.,

Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst., xxiv., 226.

- vii. Jonathan, b. Aug. 17, 1702; d. Feb. 21, 1754.
 - viii, Elizabeth, b. Oct. 11, 1704.
 - ix. Samuel, b. Oct. 22, 1706.
 - b. May 26, 1709; m. in Wenham, Nov. 9, 1736, Hannah. Thomas Senter, of Wenham.
 - William, b. Dec. 9, 1711-12.
- WILLIAM HASSAM (William), b. Feb. 1, 1685; had a wife Sarah, and d. probably before 1711, certainly before 1727. Their children, both born in Manchester, were :-
 - Mary, b. April 15, 1707.
 - JACOB, b. Sept. 3, 1709.
- John' Hassam (William'), b. Dec. 7, 1692; m. Jane Bennett, by whom he had children, both born in Manchester:-
 - Mary, b. Sept. 17, 1714.
 - John, b. Sept. 26, 1717; had a son Samuel, "born of Lydia Knights," Feb. 19, 1739-40.

He m. again Nov. 6, 1729, Elizabeth Knowlton, widow of John Knowlton, and dau. of William and Margaret Hilton.* She survived him and m. John Day, Sen., of Manchester, in Wenham, Nov. 20, 1744, and d. a widow, in Manchester, about 1792, aged about 95 years. The names of only two of the children of John² and Elizabeth appear in the Manchester Records of Births, but the dates of the baptisms of the others are found in the Church Records.

- iii. LYDIA, b. Sept. 11, 1730.
 - iv. WILLIAM, b. Dec. 7, 1731; lost at sea, 1748.
 - bap. Aug. 12, 1733, EUNICE.
- vi. Jeremiah, bap. April 17, 1737.
- vii. Hannah, bap. April 30, 1738.
- viii. Samuel. bap. June 17, 1739.
- ix. Elizabeth, bap. April 25, 1741.
- 6. x. Josiah, bap. March 20, 1742; lost at sea March, 1767.
- Joseph Hassam (William), b. Jan. 1, 1699-1700; m. Oct. 4, 1727, Abigail Stone, and had children, all born in Manchester :
 - i. Benjamin, b. May 17, 1729; lost at sea 1749, on a voyage to Lisbon.
 - Sesanna. b. July 29, 1733. b. Oct. 27, 1734. iii. SUSANNA.
 - Elizabeth, b. Nov. 18, 1741; intentions of marriage with George Rapall, of Marblehead, published Feb. 17, 1764.

N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, April, 1877 (xxxi., 179), and Jan., 1882 (xxxvi., 40).
 Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families. Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1880. Privately printed.

The Hillon Family. Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1896. Privately printed.

Jonathan² Hassam (William¹), b. Aug. 17, 1702, master mariner: m. Aug. 10 gouthur Halhum and d. Feb. 21, 1754.

Salem. Jan. 26, 1747-8.

She d. 1762, at. 55. Their children, all

born in Manchester, were:

- b. Dec. 25, 1727; m. April 19, 1749, Ezekiel SARAH. Allen.*
- JONATHAN, b. March 5, 1729-30. His intentions of marriage with Elizabeth Knowlton published Dec. 2, 1752; never m., lost at sea Nov. or Dec., 1752.
 - b. Aug. 13, 1733; m. Bowles. MARY.
- b. Aug. 12, 1735; d. Sept. 23, 1735. Anna, iv.
- Ласов. b. Feb. 5, 1736–7.
- b. May 11, 1739; m. Crispin Joynt, Jan. 8, 1761, vi. LYDIA. and d. about 1769.
- b. June 24, 1741; d. March 11, 1749-50. vii. Samuel.
- viii. James, bap. June 26, 1743.
- ix. JOHN. b. March 27, 1744-5; drowned at Louisbourg, 1759.
- b. Jan. 25, 1747-8; d. Sept. 22, 1831. 7. x. Joseph.
- b. Aug. 11, 1752; d. April 9, 1833. 8. xi. WILLIAM,
- Josiah Hassam (John, William), m. Sarah Cross, Jan. 2, 1764, and was lost at sea March, 1767. His widow m. Jan. 2, 1772, Benjamin Haskell. Children of Josiah³ and Sarah, b. in Manchester, were:
 - SARAH, b. June 7, 1765; m. Benjamin Jones, Sept. 10, 1795, and d. widow, Jan. 7, 1846.
 - Josiah, b. Nov. 26, 1766; drowned about 1829. 9. ii.
- Joseph Hassam (Jonathan, William), b. Jan. 25, 1747-8; m. March 13, 1770, Elizabeth Tewksbury, and d. Sept. 22, 1831. She d. Oct. 27, 1839, at. 89. Their children, all born in Manchester, were:-
 - ELIZABETH, b. May 9, 1771; m. Capt. Wm. Tuck, Nov. 13, 1831, and d. Aug. 4, 1844.
 - b. Nov. 7, 1774; m. (1) David Allen, April 15, ii. 1817; m. (2) Israel Dodge, and d. widow, Sept. 15, 1846.
 - iii. LYDIA. b. Feb. 19, 1780; m. John Glover, Sept. 16, 1802.
 - b. March 1, 1788; d. April 4, 1803. SARAH.

Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst., xxv., 45.

^{*} Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst., xxiv., 231. † Crispin Joynt was not a native of Manchester, but was brought home, when a boy, from some foreign port, by Capt. Jonathan Hassam, whose daughter Lydia he afterwards married.

- William Hassam (Jonathan, William), b. Aug. 11, 1752; master mariner. His intentions of marriage with Elizabeth, dau. of Ambrose Allen,* were published July 22, 1775, but he was seized by a press-gang shortly after and served nearly five years on board a British frigate during the greater part of the revolutionary war. He then succeeded, with a number of others, in making his escape, and was published the second time April 29, 1780, and m. May 15, 1780. He d. April 9, 1833.† His wife d. Feb. 10, 1833. Their children, all born in Manchester, were :-
 - William, b. May 4, 1781; lost at sea about 1803.
 - 10. ii. Jonathan, b. May 23, 1784; d. Jan. 14, 1859.
 - Betsey, b. Oct. 11, 1786; m. Benjamin Leach, Nov. 4, 1810, and d. widow, Oct. 4, 1859.
 - iv. b. Nov. 10, 1788; m. (1) Jacob Cheever, Nov. 26, 1812; m. (2) Samuel Cheever, Oct. 10, 1819; and d. April 5, 1871.
- Josiah Hassam (Josiah, John, William), b. Nov. 26, 1766; m. Sally May, Dec. 3, 1789, and was drowned at Boston, about 1829. She d. Oct. 12, 1853. Their children, all born in Manchester, were :
 - b. Aug. 18, 1791; m. Jacob H. Dow, Jan. 18, 1819, and d. May 4, 1881.
 - Betsey, b. Aug. 13, 1794; d. Jan. 31, 1879. ii.
 - iii. Josiah, b. Aug. 19, 1797; d. unm. Sept. 1824, at City Point, Va.
 - Aurelia, b. May 11, 1800; fell, when about ten years of age, from the gallery of the meeting-house, then building, into the cellar, and received injuries which rendered her insane until her death, Sept. 24, 1865.
- Jonathan⁴ Hassam (William, Jonathan, William), b. May 23, 1784; master mariner; was master of a vessel before he had arrived at the age of twenty-one, and was very successful in running to and from the French and Mediter-Jonathan Hafsam ranean ports through the

English blockading squadrons.

Naples, Aug. 20, 1809.

He was in Naples in the summer of 1809, in command of the Joanna, of Salem, but was captured Aug. 23, of that year, while running the blockade of the former port, by the Eng-

[•] Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist, Coll. Essex Inst., xxiv., 237. † Nev the obitinary notice in the Columbian Continel, April 19, 1833. † N. E. Rist, and Gen. Repiter, April, 1879 (xxxxiii, 1491); July, 1882 (xxxvii., 305); April, 1884 (xxxviii., 170); and Jan., 1887 (xxi., 65). The Cheever Family. Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1896. Privately printed.

lish man-of-war Espoir, Robert Mitford commander, and carried into Malta, where a prize court declared the capture illegal and ordered the restoration of the vessel and cargo. On a subsequent voyage he was taken in the Bay of Biscay, by an English ship-of-the-line, to which he and his crew were transferred, while a prize erew was put on board of the American vessel, which was ordered into Portsmouth. The next night a terrible gale arose. The man-of-war was badly crippled, and was with the utmost difficulty kept affoat, but in the height of the storm Capt. Hassam refused to order his crew to work the pumps. The prize was never heard of afterwards, and must have gone down with all on board. He was captured still another time in the Mediterranean. He m. Oct. 22, 1808, Sally, dan. of John Cheever.* She d. Aug. 19, 1848, and he m. (2) 1849, Mary, widow of Thomas Smith, and d. Jan. 14, 1859. She d. Feb. 24, 1867. He had eight children, all by his first wife and all born in Manchester:—

- 11. i. Jours. b. Sept. 4, 1809; d. Aug. 3, 1885.
- ii. SALLY. b. May 25, 1811; m. Jeremiah Danforth, May 24, 1832, and d. April 28, 1855.
 - b. July 26, 1813; d. Oct. 29, 1832.
 - Jonathan, b. Sept. 3, 1817; was a trader in N. Y. City, and iv. d. June 15, 1845, at Mobile, Ala., on his return from a voyage to Europe, undertaken for impaired health.
 - Elizabeth, b. Jan. 17, 1819; d. Sept. 2, 1821.
 - b. April 17, 1820; d. Jan. 17, 1847. vi.
 - vii. Henry. b. July 11, 1822; d. Portland, Oregon, June 2. 1891.
 - viii. Elizabeth, b. Sept. 8, 1827.
- John Hassam (Jonathan, William, Jonathan, William), b. Sept. 4, 1809; m. in Manchester, May 15, 1836, Abby, dau. of Capt. Amos Hilton, † of Manchester. He went to Boston when a lad of fourteen and learned the trade of a

John Hassam soon after attaining his majority book-binder. but began to turn his

attention to real estate, and, after a brief residence in New York, finally established himself in Boston as a real estate broker. In this field his prudence, forethought and

[•] N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, April, 1879 (xxxiii, 164); July, 1882 (xxxvi, 305); April. 1884 (xxxviii, 170); and Jan., 1887 (xli., 53). The Chever Funity. Poston, David Chap & Son, 1896. Privately printed. + N. E. Hest, and Gen. Register, April, 1871 (xxxii, 179) and Jan., 1882 (xxxvi, 40). Notes and Generics concerning the Hussum and Hitton Funities. Boston, David Chap & Son, 1893. Privately printed.
The Hitlon Funity. Boston, David Chap & Son, 1893. Privately printed.

business sagacity soon brought him well deserved success. During the later years of his life he had practically retired from active work and devoted himself principally to the care of trust property and the management of estates. He was greatly respected for his integrity and unswerving honesty. He d. in Boston, Aug. 3, 1885.* Children of John and Abby, all born in Boston, are:—

i. John Tyler,
 b. Sept. 20, 1841.

ii. ABBY HILTON, b. Oct. 21, 1843.

iii. Frederick William, b. Aug. 14, 1851.

John Tyler Hassam, (John, Jonathan, William, Jonathan, William)
 b. in Boston, Sept. 20, 1841; lawyer;

John J. Hassam.

graduated at Harvard College 1863; first Licut. Seventy-fifth U. S. C. I., 1863–4; admitted to the Suffolk bar 1867; member of the Mass. Historical Society, N.-E. Historic Genealogical Society, American Historical Association and other historical societies; author of many historical, genealogical and antiquarian papers. He m. in Salem, Feb. 14, 1878, Nelly Alden Batchelder, dau. of Dr. John Henry Batchelder of Salem. Child:—

Eleanor, b. in Boston, March 20, 1879.

Richard Pearce and Sarah Hassam (probably Sarah² Hassam) m. in Manchester, Mass., April 4, 1717.

William Jones and Sarah Hassam (probably widow of William² Hassam) m. in Manchester, Mass., Dec. 29, 1720.

Nathaniel Waldron, of Wenham, and Sarah Hassam, of Manchester, Mass. (probably widow of William Hassam), m. in Manchester, Mass., May 14, 1735.

Joseph Picket Jr. and Mary Horsum (probably dau, of John' Hassam) m. in Beverly, Mass., June 12, 1738.

^{*} N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xl., 132.



THE

HILTON FAMILY.

BY

JOHN T. HASSAM, A.M.

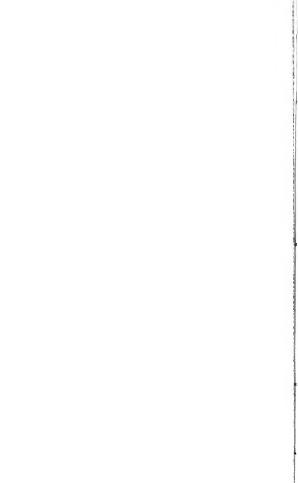
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Families," Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1880, privately printed.

J. T. H.



THE HILTON FAMILY.

WILLIAM¹ HILTON came from London to Plymouth, in New England, in the "Fortune," Nov. 11, 1621.* The "Fortune sailed for England, on her return, within a mouth thereafter, and the following letter which he sent by her to his cousin in England, was first printed in Capt. John Smith's "New Englands Trials," edition of 1622.

Louing cousin, at our ariuall at New Plimmoth in New England, we found all our friends and planters in good health, though they were left sicke and weake with very small meanes, the Indians round about vs peaceable and friendly, the country very pleasant and temperate, yeelding naturally of it self great store of fruites, as vines of divers sorts in great abundance; there is likewise walnuts, chesnuts, small nuts and plums, with much varietie of flowers, rootes, and herbs, no lesse pleasant then wholsome and profitable: no place hath more goose berries and straw-berries, nor better, Timber of all sorts non have in England, doth couer the Land, that affoords beasts of divers sorts, and great flocks of Turkies, Quailes Pigeons and Patri ges: many great lakes abounding with fish, fowle, Beners and Otters. The sea affoords vs as great plenty of all excellent sorts of sea-fish, as the rivers and Hes doth varietie of wilde fowle of most vsefull sorts. Mines we find to our thinking, but neither the goodnesse nor qualitie we know. Better grain cannot be then the Indian corne, if we will plant it rpon as good ground as a man need desire. We are all free-holders, the rent day doth not trouble vs, and all those good blessings we have, of which and what we list in their seasons for taking. Our companie are for most part very religious honest people; the word of God sincere ly taught vs every Sabbath: so that I know not any thing a con tented mind can here want. I desire your friendly care to send n:y wife and children to me, where I wish all the friends I have in England, and so I rest

Your louing kinsman William Hilton,

His wife and two children followed in the "Anne," July or August, 1623. In the allotments of land in 1623, there was granted to him one acre lying "to the sea, eastward," and to his wife and two children three acres butting "against the swampe & reed-

^{*} See New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for April, 1877 (xxxi. 179).

ponde."* He was of Plymouth in 1624, for the friends of John Lyford, who came over in the beginning of that year, and who was driven from the colony soon after with some of his adherents, affirmed "that the first occasion of the quarrel with them was the baptizing of Mr. Hilton's child, who was not joined to the church at Plymouth."† As his name does not appear among those present at the division of cattle in 1627, the must have removed from Plymouth before that date. His son William, who came to Plymouth in the "Anne" in July or August 1623, states that "in a little tyme following" his arrival, they settled themselves on the Piscatagua River with Mr. Edward Hilton and that they were the first English planters there. §

He was one of the witnesses, July 7, 1631, to the livery of seizin to his brother Edward Hilton | of the lands embraced in the Squamscott, or Hilton's Patent, which bears date March 12, 1629 [i.e. 1629-30]. The following letter to the Worshipful Mr. John Winthrop, the younger, at Agawam, is printed with the Winthrop papers in the Collections of the Massachusetts Historical Society.**

Pascatque

Ser Aprill 18th 1633

There arised a ffishing shipe at Pascataque about the 15th of this p'sant moneth where in is one Richard floxwell whoe hath flormerly lived in this cuntery he bringeth nuse yt there were tow shipes making ready at Barstaple whoe are to bring passingers & catell ffor to plant in the bay he hath leters for m' wearom & divers others at dorchester wch hee intends to bring in to the bay so soone as posible he can like wise he heard ffrom mr Alerton whoe was making ready at Bristole ffor to come ffor this cuntery other nuse he bringeth not that I can heare of onely mr Borowes purposeth to come for this cuntery ffrom london & soe desighring you to convey thes leters in to the bay with what conveniency you can desighting the lord to blesse you in your lawffull designes I humbly rest

Your wor ashured to com

WILLIAM HILTON.

Ser I purpose eare long be if ye lord will to see you.

The masters name of the shipe is John Corbin of Plimouth.

To the wor mr John Winthrope the younger at aguawam give these.

The following letter, although it bears no date, was probably written in the same year, 1633. It was first printed in the Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society. † †

* Plymouth Colony Records, xii. pp. 5 and 6.
† Hibbard's Hist. of New England, chap. xvi.
2 Plymouth Colony Records, xii. 12. The list, as it was first made out, contained the
2 Plymouth Colony Records, xii. 12. The list, as it was first made out, contained the
4 Pletition to the General Court. N. E. Hist, and Gen. Register, xxxxii., 49.
† N.-E. Hist, and Gen. Register, xxii. p. 204.
† N.-E. Hist, and Gen. Register, xxii. p. 204.
* 33 Sense, yol. ix. p. 225. The original letter was in the possession of the late Hon.
Robert C. Wimbrop. By his permission a heliotype of it was made. See N.-E. Hist. and
Gen. Register, for April 107. (Xxxii. 189). The superscription, separated in the heliotype
from Proceedings Mass. Hist. Society, 24 Series, x., p. 360.

Ser

My duty & respeckt remembred to you & to ms Winthrope these are to serteyffie you yt after a short yet sumthing a teadeous Jorny it pleased the lord yt I ariued at my habetatyon the saterday after my departure ffrom you I praise the lord I am in good health wth mr Leaueridge & the rest of our good firends wth vs Ser I must remaine your debter ffor that kindnes I reseaued ffrom you I pray you remember my dutyffull respeckt to your good ffather I am amoungst other his loue & kindnes to mee much bound to him ffor his louing counsell to mee in his last letter ffor the wch I most humbly thanke him Ser presuming vpou ye goodnes of your loving & kind disposison make bould to serteyffle you of that weh I aprehend may stand wth ye good of you & your neighbors wth you seeing the extreordenary convenience that your plantatyon hath above any in this land that I have seene for the keeping of Swine I inquired what quantety of swine were kept there it was answered mee but asmaule quantety & that it was determened that there shuld not many bee kept there in temating yt it was thought that the plumes & clames might prove agreter beene flit wch cannot bee nor any way the 100 part so benefisiall this winter I have had the beneffit of 10 hoges cauery hog worth 7 or 8 pounds beauer I was constrayned ye winter was twelue moneth to ffeed them all winter yet it was with such meate as was not any way costly beeing but huskes of indeau corne now the maner of ordering them John maning is able to serteyffie you now ffor the pserung of your Corne ffrom them vntill you can ffense your grounds aboute your houses you may set your corne very conuenetly on the oposit side of the river & you shall find vt if you pracktis the breeding of swine wth the beeneffit of the Iland you may wth a smaule charge in short time raise sum hundered of pounds yerely by them as you may gather by the preportyon of my stocke in that behalffe whoe have not any such coucinecy as you have Ser I pray you pardon my bouldnes herein ffor my eror herein is out of love in that I designe the good of you all both ffor speretuall & temporall things I knowe that mens labors cannot bee had at easie rats vntill corne & porke wth the like puison bee plenty if I were wth you I thinke I could answere all your objecktyons & showe you a way yt you might keepe them at an easie rate I am affred I have hin teadeous vnto you & thereffore desighring ye lord to blese you & yours I humbly rest

Ser m^r Leueridge desigreth to be remembred to you though vnknowne Your wor Asurd to command

Willi Hilton

To y^e wor & his much respeckted ffrend m^r John Winthrop gouernor at agnawam giue these

The following letter to Governor Winthrop was also first printed in the Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society.*

Pascataque. July ye 14th. 1637

Ser

My humble duty remembred the bearer hereof beeing Sonne to Passaconoway is in debted vnto mr Vane. three skines wch hee desighreth to

* Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society, 2d Series, x. p. 200. These letters are now in the possession of Robert C. Winthrop, Esq. The beliotype of the last of these letters has been made for this article with his permission.

pay but hee is affread to come to pay them by reason yt the Sagamô of Aguawam sertefficth him yt if hee come in to the bay you will take awey his head hee hath desighted mee to write in his bee halffe yt hee may come & pay his debts & likewise yt you would bee pleased to bid him welcome & soe desighring ye lord to blese you & yours I humbly rest

Your worship to comnd _

to his poure Willi. Hilton

Ser this becarer designreth mee to sertevifie in his bechalffe yt the Eanglish haue awais bin verry welcome vnto him I am able to testeffie yt hee hath euer since I knew him bin a verry loving Indean.

To ve Right word John Winthrep esgire Gouern of the Masachsets give these

June 2, 1633, Capt. Walter Neale, as Governor of the plantation of Sir Ferdinando Gorges and Capt. John Mason, granted to Capt. Thomas Cammocke a parcel of land upon the east side of the Piscataqua River, "where William Hilton lately planted corne."* At a court held at Exeter, 4th 10th mo. 1639, it was ordered that "Will. Hilton and goodm. Smart" were to have lots on the other side of the river. † At Exeter, 3d 12th mo. 1640, it was agreed

"That Mr William Hilton is to enjoy those marshes in Oyster River which formerly he had possession of and still are in his possession, and the other marsh which Mr Gibbins doth wrongfully detain from him with the rest of those marshes which formerly he hath made use of so far as they may be for the public good of this plantation: And so much of the upland adjoining to them as shall be thought convenient by the neighborhood of Oyster River, which are belonging to this body."\$\pm\$

* Loose sheet in unbound or stitched MS, in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Ma. It is also recorded with York Deeds, Lib. I, 3d part, p. 2, and on the following page there is a confirmation, dated May 1, 1634, by Gorges and Mason.

is a confirmation, dated May 1, 1634, by Gogges and Mason.

† N. H. Provincial Papers, 1, p. 148. For his action of tresposs on the case arainst Amphose Gibbans for detaining this marsh, see Rockingham Deeds, Lib., t. 80, 7. Birl., f. 10, 12

B

care ful re-examination made recently by me renders it now certain that the letters so inter-lined are "th" and that Northwich is meant. inted are "th" shot that corrasven is mean.

The case was reterred to in that article in the hope that it might afford a clue for further.

The case was reterred to in that article in the hope that it might afford a clue for further by the form of the form o

the following agreement:

"I Nathaniell Boulter doe p'mise to deliver unto mr Willi: Hilton of Dover halfe a thousand of pipestaves Marcheautable in May next 18:45 Wittness William ffifeild:::

These p'sents Vittnesseth that I Willi: Hilton doe assigne over this bill to Edward Colcord : by mee Will: Hilton."

Among the papers in this case is "The deposics of Willm ffurbur aged about fforty yeares who Sworne Saith That Some Certayne yeares Since being in the company of Edward Colcord & Willm Hilton who then lived att York I did then heare willm Hilton Say and

and a grant of twenty

shall have power to try them. Willi: Hilton, differences under 20shs. ataq."†

ourt at Boston, 1644. iver, 88 aeres of land Dover, and two parl he styles himself of

it, as Frances White, n Feb. 27, 1687-8, ed in a house at Kithat was mr: Morgans ived in which house on did hver of Maior eond wife of William thereabouts" at the 'Ild not therefore have the "Anne" to Ply-June 27, 1648, "It being lisensed for to Paseataqua, and that ner, nor to sell Wine r under ii gallons by e that keeps the ordgreat Iland¶ for one for one xii d if more one if more xii d a 6, 1649,

ahieway cut from the harber & so to the little to m^r William Hiltons we neare Unto Joⁿ Ancut from W^m Hiltons to

or pipe staves which Nathanive hundred according to my

ecords, Lib. i. fol. 20. fol. 95, 29th 1 mo. 1653. Its to look like 1641. The same July, 1645.

Courts, York Co., Me. rtion that he had "control of

f Courts, York Co., Me.

pay but hee is affread to Aguawam sertefficth hin his head hee hath desigh & pay his debts & likew & soe desighring ye lord

Ser this becarer design lish have awais bin verrhath ever since I knew h To ye Right wor^{ph} Joh

these

June 2, 1633, Capt tion of Sir Ferdinande Capt. Thomas Cammo Piscataqua River, "w At a court held at Ex "Will. Hilton and good

side of the river.† At

"That M' William I
which formerly he had po
other marsh which M' (
rest of those marshes wh

may be for the public go land adjoining to them as of Oyster River, which a

* Loose sheet in unbound (
It is also recorded with York D
is a confirmation, dated May I,
† N. H. Provincial Papers, i.

½ N. II. Provincial Papers, L' brose Gib-bon for detaining thi brose Gib-bon for detaining thi site following entry: "Geored that ex to be granted psentnorhampton have pl 10 to mdate is either 1642 or 1638, the record more than twenty years the caret in the word Norphythe article entitled "Some of the eart full re-examination made re limed are "th" and that Northlimed are "th" and that North-

The case was referred to in the investigations. That hope has in Mr. Henry F. Waters it appear there is a record of the baptism I year & coming out of New En In Mass. Archives, xxxix, 70-

In Mass. Archives, xxxix. 70the following agreement: "I Nathaniell Boulte of Dover halfe a tho

of Dover halie a tho
next ie'45
Wittness William ffi
These p'sents Vittne
bili to Edward Colec
Among the papers in this cyears who Sworne Saith That SColcord & Willim Hilton who th

He was made freeman, May 19, 1642, and had a grant of twenty acres of land in Dover in that year.* At a General Court held at Boston, Sept. 27, 1642,

"It is ordered, that the associats of Pascataque shall have power to try any cause under 201, though no other bee sent to them. Willi: Hilton, Willi: Wald'n, Edwa: Colcote have authority to end differences under 20sh's. M^r Francis Williams is joyned an associate at Pascataq."†

He was deputy from Dover to the General Court at Boston, 1644. He conveyed to Francis Matthews, of Oyster River, 88 acres of land in Oyster River, granted him by the town of Dover, and two parcels of marsh kand adjoining. In this deed he styles himself of Dover.

About this time he removed to Kittery Point, as Frances White, wife of Richard White, in a deposition staken Feb. 27, 1687-8, says "that about forty sixe years past shee leived in a house at Kittery poynt that stood then between the house that was m': Morgans & the house that Mr: Greenland afterward leived in which house above sayd the depot husband William Hilton did hyer of Maior Nicholus shapligh." She must have been a second wife of William Hilton, as she was "adged seauenty years or thereabouts" at the time when this deposition was taken, and could not therefore have been the wife who, with two children, came in the "Anne" to Plvmouth in 1623. At a court held at Gorgeana, June 27, 1648, "It is ordered this Court that mr. William Hilton being lisensed for to keep the ordnary at the mouth of the River of Pascatagua, and that none other shall keep any private ordnary ther, nor to sell Wine beare nor Lieker upon any p'tence what so ever under ii gallons by retaile: " It is Ordered this Court that hee that keeps the ordnary is for to keepe a ferry and to have to the great Iland¶ for one vi d if more iii d a pecse to Strawbury banck for one xii d if more viii d p man to Dover or Kitterry xviii d for one if more xii d a At a court held at Gorgeana Oct. 16, 1649.

"It is Ordered this court: That ther shall be ahieway cut from the head of Rogers Cove, unto the head of Bray bote harber & so to the little marsh ner Unto Capt Champanownes howse & so to mr William Hiltons the In habitance of Gorgeana: to cut: Unto a Cove neare Unto Jon Andrews: and the Inhabitance of Pascataguacke to cut from Wm Hiltons to

acknowledge that hee had assigned to Edward Colcord a Bill for pipe staves which Nathaniell Boulter did ow to ye sd willin Hilton weh was about five hundred according to my best remembrance. Deposed the first of the 5 mo; 1659."

best reinemerance. Deposed the has of one of me; 100%.

*Dover Town Records, Lib. 1,

*Records of Mass., ii. p. 31. Also recorded Dover Town Records, Lib. i, fol. 20,

*This deed was recorded with Rockingham Deeds, Lib. i, fol. 95, 29th 1 mo, 1653. Its

date seems to be 7 July, 1644, altered to 1641, or blotted so as to look like 1641. The same

deed is also found in Dover Town Records, where its date is 7 July, 1645. York Court Files.

Page 20, in unbound or stitched MS. in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Me.

Page 20, in unbound or stitched MS. in other of Cierz of Courts, 10th Co., 220. This seems to be the only authority for Mr. Savage's assertion that he had "control of Great Island."

^{**} Page 21, in unbound or stitched MS. in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Me.

that cove, by so many of each towne as they shall thincke fitt; and this to be done by the 30th Octor (49."*

John Treworthie in a deposition taken Oct. 25, 1650, testifies "that the cellar weh is at Pascataway now standing neere the house weh Wm Hilton now lives in, did not any way belong to the land wen was bought by me for my Grandsfather mr Alexander Shapleigh." At a court held at Gorgeana, Oct. 15, 1650,

"ffor as much as the house at the Rivers mouth wher mr Shapleighs ffather first built and mr William Hilton now dwelleth: In regard it was first house ther bylt, and mr Shapleigh Intendeth to build and Inlarge it: and for furder considerations, it is thought fit it should from time to time, be for a house of Entertayment or Ordnary wth this p'viso that the Tenant bee such a one as the Inhabitants shall approve of."1

June 7, 1651, Mr. Nicholas Shapleigh, of Kittery, leased to Mr. Hugh Gunison, for the term of twenty-one years from that date, "All his Edifices Land & accommodations and Priveledges: Att the poynt wher mr William Hilton now Dwelleth contaying ffive Hundred ackers."

He thercupon removed to York, and when the Massachusetts Commissioners arrived there to receive the submission of the inhabitants, Nov. 22, 1652, he was one of the fifty persons who acknowledged themselves subject to the Government of the Massachusetts Bay, and took the oath of freeman. At a town meeting held at York about the 8th of December, 1652,

"It is ordered that mr William Hilton is to have the use of the ferry for the Term of one & twenty years. Lying betwixt the house where he now liveth, and The Town of York: and he is duly to attend the sd Ferry with Cannoos sufficient for the safe transportation both of Strangers & Townsmen if occasion requireth. If time & tydes be Seasonable, he is to pass persons over to & from the Stage Island: If not he is & must provide a Canoo to Lye ready at the point of Land on his own Side the River, upon all Such occasions to transport people without danger. In Consideration whereof the sd William Hilton is to have allowed him two pence a poice for Every strangers, & four pence apeace for Every beast, or horse which he swimmeth over, or that are Swom by any Strangers themselves, he or his servants being ready to attend, & one penny a time for Every Townsman he fetcheth or carrieth over: unless the sd Inhabitant go over In his own Cannoo, which Liberty remaines to Every Townsman, being made use of to Exempt him or them from the payment of any ferriage."

He was one of the Selectmen of York in 1652, 1653 and 1654, and had grants of land from the town, one July 4, 1653, and another June 4, 1654, of twenty acres "next adjoining unto mr

York Town Records, i. p. 17.

^{*} Page 6, in unbound or stitched MS. in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Mc. + Suffolk Deeds, Lib. i. fol. 128.

T DEMORE DECENS, Lab. 1, 101. 129.
Fig. 26, in unbinound or stitched MS. in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Mc. & Loose sheet in unbound or stitched MS. in office of Clerk of Courts, York Co., Mc. Recorded also with York Decds, Lib. i. fol. 15.

Edward Godfreys house." IIe died 1655 or 1656, and letters of administration on his estate were granted June 30, 1656, to Richard White, who had married Frances, his widow. His children were:

- 2. WILLIAM,
- WILLIAM,

and perhaps others.

 William² Hilton (William¹), mariner, came when a child with his mother from London to Plymouth in the "Anne" in 1623, and "in a little tyme following" settled with his father and Edward Hilton on the Piscataqua River. He removed afterward to Newbury, where he was glillon

had several grants of land, but these grants are scattered through the Town Records, generally without dates, and in utter disregard of chronological order. He was defendant in a snit brought by Thomas Tuck, at a Court held at Salem on the last day of 4th mo, 1640. Dec, 29, 1649, he sold

* York Town Records, i. p. 16.

† The custom of giving two sons the same Christian name was not uncommon in England at this period. There are instances where three brothers bore the same name. In one land at this period. There are instances where three brothers bore the same name. In one of the latter cases, cited by Col. Joseph L. Chester in a letter to the writer, they are designed that the case of the latter cases, cited by Col. Joseph L. Chester in a letter to the writer, they are designed to the case of the

Magdalen, wife of James Wiggin of York, was probably a daughter of William Hilton. At all events, she was a daughter of Frances his wife, possibly by a former hasband. She

was married to Wiggin prior to 1657,

was married to Wiggin prior to 1637.

There was a Mannering or Manning Hilton in York as early as 1667. Administration on his estate was graated 4 July, 1671, to Thomas Moulton, his father-in-law.

The Town Records of York record the birth, 28 Sept. 1691, of a child of Nath! Adams, by his wife whose maiden name was "Magdelon" Hilton. To this record the Hon. Na-

by his wife whose manuen name was "Magdedon" Hitton. To this record the Hon. Nathaniel G. Marshall, the late from Clerk, added that she was the daughter of Manurer and Mary Hilton. She afterward in. Elias Weare, and negin John Webber. Mannerel or Monrewell Hilton of York, batchelor, was defendant in suits brought by Joseph Hammond et al., at Court of Common Pleas, held at York 3 July and 2 Oct, 1705, 2016.

and 2 July, 1706.

Administration on the estate of Robert Hilton of Wells, "who is apprehended to bee decased," was granted to Mr. Samnel Wheelwright and Francis Littlefield, 29 Sept. 1685. Robert Divino of Wells, weaver, conveyed had to Jonathan Littlefield of Wells, by deed dated 13 Nov. 1694, recorded with York Deeds, Lib. 13, fol. 275.

ander is Nov. 1634, recorded with 164x Deces, 140, 15, 161, 276.

A William Hilton, who was, I faink, a son of Elward Hilton, Sen., of Exeter, was of Kitters in 1605, in which year he was one of the grand Jury. He was constable in 1661, and he'd a grant of land in kitters, 17 July, 1661, which was tail out 29 Feb. 1665, "in "ye great Cove below ye be juliar rock." He was presented by the grand Jury to a court held at York, 7 July, 1663, as follows: "Wee Fester William Hilton Constable of Kittery for

at York, July, 1663, as follows: "Wee Feeth William Hilton Constable of Kittery for tearing of a spetial warrant, seath by the secretary from Boston to Kittery, for sending a Departy to the Generall Court."

John Symmons of Kittery, planter, by deed dated 18:2 mo. 1697, recorded with York Deeds, Lib. 2; 66, 33, conveys to his son-in-law William Hilton, honse and land in Kittery "as a alonyy with my dinghter (Bebeckh now wife mot the se's William," in the presence of Fran; Champernowne, Bene: Greenland, Edw. Hilton. He was of Exeter shortly after, and died there about 1690, leaving a widow. Administration on his estate was granted, 9 April, 1691, to Richard Hilton, his eldest son. He is styled Capt, William Hilton in various instruments. Names of such of his children as are known to me were; i. Richard. ii. John. iii. William.

James, his Indian, to George Carr, in exchange for quarter of a vessel. "Wm Hilton, Newb." took the oath of freeman, May 18, 1653. His children, born in Newbury, were:

Sarah, b. June, 1641.

Charles, b. July, 1643. Anne, b. Feb. 12, 1648.

Elizabeth, b. Nov. 6, 1650; m. in Charlestown, Dec. 22, 1673, Timothy Cutler.

WILLIAM, b. June 28, 1653.

He removed shortly after to Charlestown, bought house and land there of Ralph Mousall, Sept. 29, 1655, † and there m. (2) Mehitable, daughter of Increase Nowell, 16: 7th mo. 1659.

His petition to the General Court in 1660 for confirmation of a grant of land made to his father and himself in 1636 by Tahanto, Indian Sagamore of Pennacook is in the Suffolk Court Files. The answer of the General Court to this petition is to be found in the

Mass, Col. Records, iv. (Pt. 1) 430.

In the British Museum there is a map entitled "Discouery made by William Hilton of Charles towne In New England Marriner from Cape Hatterask Lat: 35: 30'. to ye west of Cape Roman in Lat: 32.30' In ye yeare 1662 And layd Down in the forme as you see by Nicholas Shapley of the town aforesaid November 1662."

He was commander of the ship "Adventure" in 1663, and his "Relation of a Discovery lately made on the Coast of Florida" in that year, was printed in London in 1664. He sailed from Spike's Bay, Barbadoes, Aug. 10, 1663, and the expedition was "set forth by several Gentlemen and Merchants of the Island of Barbadoes." In this voyage the Carolina coast was explored and names were given to various localities. One of the rivers was called Hilton's River. Hilton Head, which was occupied by the Federal troops during the Civil War, may have taken its name from this navigator.

In 1671 he was commander of the "Amity," and he brought several passengers in that year from the Island of Barbadoes to Boston.**

He was admitted a member of the church in Charlestown by a letter of dismission from the church in Newbury, Aug. 14, 1670, and died in Charlestown, 7: 7th mo. 1675. Administration on his estate was granted 14: 11th mo. 1675, to his widow Mehitable, who m. Deacon John Cutler, 29: 8th mo. 1684. His children, by his second wife, all born in Charlestown, were:

Nowell, b. May 4, bapt. May 10, 1663. (A mariner, whose

† Charlestown Archives, xxxiv. 2 N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxxvi. 40. & See also the petition of James Russell, 1685, Mass. Archives, xvi. 364.; N. E. Hist. and y occ ano the pertuno of sames Russell, 1639, Mass. Archives, xvi. 364.; N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxxx.1 194.

| Proceeding Mass. Hist. Society, xx. 402.

* Porce's Collection of Historical Tracts, vol. iv., Washington, 1846. Year Book of the 18th State of t

** Suffolk Deeds, vii. 226.

^{*} Records of [Old] Co. of Norfolk at Salem, Lib. 2, fol. 197. N. E. Hist. and Gen. Reg-

will, dated Oct. 6, 1687, was probated Sept. 17, 1689, at Doctors Commons, London.*)

EDWARD, b. March 3, bapt. March 4, 1666. vii.

viii. John, hapt. 24: 3 mo. 1668.

RICHARD, b. Sept. 13, bapt. Sept. 18, 1670; m. in Charlesix. town, Jan. 22, 1711-12, Elizabeth Lord, and died there, Jan. 25, 1720-1.

Charles, b. April 19, bapt. April 27, 1673.

Beside the children above named, he had others, for Mehitable Cutler, then widow of Lieut. John Cutler, in her will, dated Dec. 8, 1709, probated Oct. 22, 1711, makes her two sons, John and Richard Hilton, residuary legatees and executors, on condition that they maintain their brother Samuel Hilton. Mary Hilton, who married William Marshall, in Charlestown, 2: 8th mo. 1666, was another daughter of William Hilton. †

 William² Hilton (William¹), of York, mariner, was the son of the William first above named, as appears from the following deposition :

"The Deposition of Major John Davess aged 70 years, or yr abouts, & Capt Charles F[rost] aged 52 years or there abouts, these Deponents respectively testify, & Say yt Willia[m] Hilton now rescident in yorke, in the province of Mayne, was Comonly known, & [repu]ted, to bee ye sonn of William Hilton Senior deceased, & formerly lived in Yorke abof on yt Tract of Land, yt lyeth on the South, or South West side of ye River] yorke over against the fishing flakes, & next the Ferry, & further Savth noft]

Taken upon oath in Court this 30th of May 1683: p Edw: Rishw[orth]

He had a grant of land from the town, Aug. 25, 1679, and another, which bears no date, "upon the neck of Land on the South Side of York River, between Arthur Bales Land, & major Shapleighs, and James Wiggens & William mores Land, & the Land that was formerly mr William Hiltons, provided it be free from any mans propriety or former grant." He was one of the forty-six men who took the oath of allegiance to the King, March 22, 1680. Another grant of land was made to him, March 18, 1695-6. He died between March, 1699, and June, 1700, leaving a widow Ann and children:

* N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, XXXII. 50.

^{*} N.-E. Itist, and Gen. Register, xxxii. 50.
† Thomas Seers and May Itilton, atias Downer, were m. in Newbury, 11 Dec. 1656, Jonathan Woodman and Hama. Hilton were m. in Newbury, July 2, 1668. Sara Hilton was one of the wittesses to a deed from William Sawyer to Thomas Seares, of land in Newbury, dated March 24, 1618. (Town Records, 1. p. 37). John Hilton seems to have been taxed in Newbury 1652 (Jown Records, 1. p. 163), unless there is an error in the record. 1 York Deeds, Lib. 3, 164, 125.
† York Town Records, 1. p. 73.
† York Town Records, 1. p. 73.
† John Hilton, by deed dated March 5, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165.

him by the Town of York, to his loving brother, Arthur Beale. Beale may, however, have married a sister of William Hilton.

4. i. WILLIAM.

Hannah, m. (1) about 1708, John Cole. He d. about 1712 or 1713, and she m. (2) Mark Shepard.

iii. Benjamin.

iv. Dorcas, m. Samuel Moor.

And probably others.

 William³ Hilton (William, William¹), b. about 1678, probably in York; m. in Marblehead, June 2, 1699, Margaret Stilson, daughter of James and Margaret Stilson.* He had a

York, Feb. 17, 1702-3, which, William hibton with ten acres more, formerly granted to his father (Aug. 25,

1679), were laid out to him, Feb. 24, 1702-3. He had another grant of thirty acres at the head of Bradbote, Broadbote, or Brayeboat, Harbor, March 17, 1702-3, laid out to him, March 20, 1702-3. His pursuit and recovery of a sloop stolen out of the harbor of York, Nov. 8, 1711, by a Frenchman and three Indians, and the proceedings relating thereto, may be found in the Council Records. He is there styled Ensign William Hilton of York,† He conveyed to Joseph Hoult, by deed dated June 4, 1711, recorded with York Deeds, Lib. 7, fol. 196, the land last granted him by the Town. In this deed he styles himself of York, fisherman.

4 John Brown, son of Richard Brown, of Barton Regis, co. Gloucester, England, m. John Erown, Son of Kienard Brown, of Barron Kegs, eo. Gloucester, England, m Marcaret, dan, of Francis Haywart, of Bessio, England, and settled at Permandul, at the By deed dated July 15, 1625, Somerset, or Samoset, and Umongoti, Indian Segamores, conveyed to him a tract of land embracing a large perit of the present County of Lincoln, and including Museomers Island. He had a son John and daughters: Margaret, who m Alexander, or Sander Gouldt; Elizabeth, who m. Euchard Petre, son of John Petric; and

Alexander and Margaret Gould had three daughters, one of whom, Margaret, b. in New H cbor about 1659, m. (1) James Stilson, by whom she had children; Margaret Stilson, above named, b. about 1679; James Stilson; a daughter whose name is not known, and perhaps others. [The records of the First Church of Marblehead, Mass, show the admission of Martarett Stilson, April 18, 1686. May 2, 1686, Margarett Stilson was baptized, and, May 19, 1682, Margarett, James, Mary and John, children of Margarett Stilson, were baptized. Margaret Stilsom, itemata, was one of "the children of the Church, who being growne and personally owne the Covenant of their Parents, & by their owne act entired themselves in this society," July 26, 1698, "theing of age so to doe."]

About the year 1689, 1687 or 1688, James Stilson, the father, while crossing the water at

Muscongus in a canoe, was fired upon and killed by the Indians, who took his youngest Muscongusin a canoe, was fired upon and kalled by the Indians, who took his youngest diagnifier, as sucking tably, from her mother's breast, burned it in the fire and carried the diagnifier as under two children captives to Canada. In Mass, Archives, Xvelli, & Z., (95), "is that of "me Nu"s Silson Pemequid." In the following list of "Nams of thos Remaining Still in hands of the french at Canada," are those of "Jams Stittson [ari] buy Pemiqud" and "mary; [ari] Stillon great permqd." Mary is undonistedly a missiske for Margaret. These less were printed in the N. E. Hett, and Gen. Register, vi. p. 87, the name of the bow being misprinted Stillon, After her reless from captivity, Margaret Stillon, the mother, m. (2), in Merblehead, March 30, 1696, thomas Firman, who was all-1738, axeed 94. Sed did 11 m. 1739, axeed 94. Fed. 4 or 6, 1885, and who tied, 4 m., 1738, axeed 94. Sed did 11 m. 1739, axeed 94. Fed. 4 or 6, 1885, and who tied, 4 m., and 1738, axeed 94. Sed did 11 m. 1739, axeed 94. Sed did 11 m. 1739, axeed 94.

1736, aged 94. She died II mo, 1730, aged 92.

Junes Stilson, the son, and his sister Margaret were afterward, ransomed. He removed to Newcastle, and Portsmooth, N. H., and she m. June 2, 1699, William Hilton, as above set forth. The depositions hereinafter referred to, with characteristic inaccuracy, state that she remained six years in captivity after the release of her mother, and twelve years in all. + Mass. Council Records, iv. 469, 540. N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxxiv. 203, 204.

Suffolk Court Files, lxxxv., 1-3.

He already had a dwelling-house in Manchester, Mass., at Black Cove, in that part of the town called Newport, when he bought land there of Philip Nichols, Nov. 22, 1709 (Essex Deeds, Lib. 23, fol. 268). He bought other land adjoining, of John Seward, Sept. 30, 1714 (Essex Deeds, Lib. 27, fol. 63). In these deeds he is styled of Manchester, fisherman and coaster.

He had a dwelling-house at Musrongus, when he bought hands there of Richard Peirce, by deed dated Feb. 1, 1719-20 (Essex Deeds, Lib. 39, fol. 70.) But little reliance can be placed on the recitals in the numerous deeds in which he appears as grantor or grantee, for in these he is styled sometimes of York, and sometimes of Manchester, Marblehead and Muscongus, his occupation being that of mariner, coaster and fisherman. He evidently occupied lands at Muscongus, which he held in the right of his wife Margaret, and lands which he himself bought of Cesar Moxis and Gustin, Indian Sagamores (by deeds dated June 5, 1718, and Oct. 25, 1719, Essex Deeds, Lib. 39, fols. 87, 88), but whether he was an acture resident, or only lived there during the fishing season in each year, is a matter of some doubt. He seems to have been extensively engaged in the fisheries and coasting trade at Muscongus, making great improvements, and having a large stock of cattle.

At a town meeting in Manchester, Dec. 1, 1715, he was made one of a committee to procure a minister to preach the gospel, and March 12, 1715-16, was chosen one of the selectmen of Manchester. His name appears on the tax list of Manchester for the years 1717 and 1718, and in the former year he was one of the tythingmen, and in the latter, one of the "Chowerds and feld Driveers." His wife was admitted a member of the church in Manchester, May 26, 1717. June 11, 1719, the town laid out a highway from Black Cove, near Hilton's swamp and garden. In the claim entered by Margaret Hilton, Dec. 1, 1720, in the Book of Eastern Claims in the Secretary's office, Boston, she styles herself the wife of William Hilton now living at Muscongus. But if he had any intention of permanently settling there, the outbreak of hostilities with the Indians compelled him to change his purpose. In the journal of the Rev. Joseph Baxter, missionary to the Eastern Indians, is the following:

"The next Day which was Saturday, Aug: 12 [1721], we had a good wind, and towards night we arrived at Cases-Bay, where we met with M Hilton, of Muscongus in a small vessel with his cattle and Hogs on board, removing to ye westward, who informed us y' all the People were gone from Muscongus upon ye rumours they had heard about the Indians."*

He took part in several expeditions against the Eastern Indians. L. Gov. Dummer in a letter to Col. Thomas Westbrook acknowledges the receipt of a letter from Col. Westbrook dated Hampton, Jan. 22, 1722–3 "inclosing Lieu Rilton's Journal." Col. West-

N.-E. Hist. and Gen Register, xxi. p. 55.

brook in a letter to Lt. Gov. Dummer dated St. Georges, March 23, 1722-3, says: "Lievt Hilton has been Ill all this March and is now grown So weak that I am obliged to give him a furlow home, and at his request Given yo Charge of his men to Lievt John March." He died June 21, 1723, and administration on his estate was granted to his widow Margaret, the date of his death being set forth in the inventory. At meetings of the Council, July 2 and Sept. 21, 1723, it was advised and consented that there should be paid "To the Officers & Soldiers in the Muster Roll of William Hilton Lieut. deceased," and "To the Heirs, Executors or Administrators of Lieut. Win. Hilton decd. and ye Compa. in His Majestys Service Eastward late under his Comand" £. 290: 3: 8 and £. 647: 9. to discharge the Muster Roll. †

He was buried in the old burial ground in Manchester, and his

gravestone bears this inscription: 1

Here lyeth the body of lifnt William Hilton Who died June Ye 21st 1723 aged 45 vears.

His widow married in Manchester, Dec. 8, 1727, John Allen, who died about 1737, and died a widow in Manchester, Nov. 1763, aged 84 years. || Children of William and Margaret:

Elizabeth, bapt, in Marblehead, Dec. 8, 1700; m. (1) John Knowlton (published in Manchester, Oct. 18, 1719); m. (2) in Manchester, Nov. 6, 1729, John Hassam ; m. (3) in Wenham, Nov. 20, 1744, John Day, Sr., of Manchester; and d. a widow in Manchester about 1792.

ii. STILSON.

- Mary, bapt. in Marblehead, April 16, 1704; m. (1) Samuel Woodbury (published in Manchester, Oct. 18, 1719); m. (2) in Manchester, April 15, 1723, Benjamin Presson.
 - Margaret, bapt. in Marblehead, May 26, 1706; m. in Manchester, Nov. 12, 1724, Josiah Allen.**

* Mass. Archives, li. 398-9, 370-7. Letters of Col. Thomas Westbrook and others, printed by Wm. B. Trask, in N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xliv. 27, 28, 32.

* Mass. Council Records, vi. 439, 500. N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxxiv. 203, 7 at the foot of the grave is another gravestone, erected about sixty years ago by the late Cnpt. Amos Hillon, which he are what was intended to be a copy of the above inscription, which had become almost filegible from long exposure to the weather. By a mistake of the stone-cutter, however, the date of deeth is given Janc 23, 172. 27, 3 Genetion of the Alvien Family. Hist, Coll. Essex Inst., xxiv, 227, 1 Acad Sov 98, according to a copy of the entry in the Church Records, sent me by John Lee, Esq., for many years Town Olerk of Manchester. Hannah Tewksburr, in a deposition hereinafter referred to, which is probably more correct, great the age as 54

years.
¶ N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxiv. p. 414, and xliii. 320.
Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families. Boston: David Clapp

& Son. 1880. Frivately printed.

The Hassam Family. Boston: David Clapp & Son. 1896. Privately printed.

** Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst., xxiv. 230.

- 7. v. Joshua, bant, in Marhlehead, March 14, 1707-8.
- 8. vi. WILLIAM.
- vii. Samuel, b. in Manchester, May 16, 1713; bapt. in Marblehead, Aug. 9, 1713.
 - viii. Thomas, bapt. in Marblehead, Aug. 14, 1715.
- ix. Benjamin, b. in Manchester, Aug. 27, 1717; bapt. in Manchester, Sept. 1, 1717.
- x. Amos, bapt, in Marblehead, March 12, 1720-21. [The record erroneously gives the name of the mother as Mary.]
- BENJAMIN² HILTON (William, William) of York, had grant of land there, March 23, 1712-13. By his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Joseph Crocket, of Kittery, he had children, all born in York:
 - i. Joshua, b. April 12, 1714.
 - ii. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 5, 1717.
 - iii. Sarah, b. April 18, 1720.
 - MARY, b. Oct. 5, 1722.
 WILLIAM, b. Nov. 11, 1724.
 - vi. Benjamin, b. March 9, 1726-7.
- 6. STHEON' HILTON (William, William, William). According to the Marblehead records, Stephen Hilton and Hannah Severy were m. Feb. 7, 1721. This is undoubtedly a mistake for Stilson Hilton, who had a wife Hannah. Stilson and Hannah Hilton became members of the first church in Marblehead, July 14, 1723. She was admitted to full communion with the church in Manchester, Mass., March 26, 1738. He died about 1741. His widow married in Manchester, Jan. 7, 1762, Richard Day. Children of Stilson and Hannah were:
 - 12. i. Stilson, bapt. in Marblehead, July 4, 1725.
 - ii. Hannah, bapt. in Marblehead, March 24, 1727-8.
 - ELIZABETH, bept. in Marblehead. Sept. 14, 1729; m. in Manchester, May 14, 1749. John Tewksbury.
 - iv. Tuomas, b. in Manchester, July 15, 1733.
 - v. Hannah, b. in Manchester, Jan. 6, 1735-6; bapt. there, Jan. 11, 1736; m. Jan. 24, 1757, Jacob Tewksbury.
 - vi. Amos. b. in Mauchester, Dec. 27, 1738; bapt. Dec. 31, 1738.
 - 15. vii. Samuel, b. in Manchester, Oct. 7, 1741; bapt. Cct. 11, 1741.
- JOSHUA⁴ HILTON (William, William, William), m. in Manehester, Mass., May 1, 1732, Miriam Haskell. Children, both born in Manehester, were:
 - WILLIAM, b. April 14, 1733.
 - John, b. Dec. 29, 1734.

His name is found as Joshua Hilton of Sheepscott, Maine, among the grantors, in a deed from Stilson Hilton et al. to Elizabeth Day, wildow, dated July 1, 1765 (Essex Deeds, Lib. 121, fol. 159), but the deed does not bear his signature.

- 8. William, William, William, William, William, m. in Manchester, Mass., Dec. 1, 1731, Mary Lee. Names of such of their children as were born in Manchester, were:
 - Mary, b. Aug. 26, bapt. 27, 1732.
 - WILLIAM, b. Dec. 29, 1734, bapt. Jan. 5, 1734-5.
 - James, b. June 27, bapt. July 10, 1737.
 - iv. Richard, b. Sept. 1 [?], bapt. Oct. 7, 1739.
 - v. Anna, b. Dec. 12, bapt. 13, 1741.

He removed, probably after the fall of Louisbourg, with his wife and children, to Muscongus, and settled at Broad Cove,* on lands belonging to his parents. † There he lived until the summer of 1758. when, in going by water from Round Pond towards Broad Cove, with three of his sous, William, Richard and John, the Indians fired upon them, killed and scalped William the son, mortally wounded the father, and slightly wounded Richard. John, said to have been then a lad of about seventeen years, returned the fire and drove the Indians back, so that the survivors had time to make good their retreat to Round Pond, where William, the father, was buried.

From the depositions and other papers in support of the claim of the Hilton heirs, below referred to, it appears that the children, born after he left Manchester, were as follows:

vi. John (whose only daughter m. Thomas Hilton).

* N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xlvi. 120. †The deal from the Saganiores Samoest and Unsongoit to John Rrown, dated July 15, 1285, is said to be the first deed of conveyance of American 801. It was recorded, bee, 28, 1720, at the request of James Stil-on and his sister Margaret Hilton, in a Book of Records of Eastern Lands. This Book was destroyed by fire when the Town House in Boston was burned, Dec. 9, 1747. Two attested copies of the deed, however, have been found, one of them recorded with York Deeds, Lib. 21, 61, 18, and the other with Lincolon Deeds, Lib. A tract of land eight miles square, being part of the land described in dfils deed, was conveyed by Brown, by deed dated lang. 8, 1860 (attested copies of which are recorded with Lincolon Deeds, Lib. 74, 61, 7, and York Deeds, Lib. 21, 60, 116), to his daughter Margaret Gould, and her bushsand Alexander Gould, and be the birst of the Probly. Their dhughter Margaret, then wile of Thomas Pitman, by deed dated Dec. 27, 1720 (York Deeds, Lib. 13, 400), and the William Pillion Margaret, then wile of Thomas Pitman, by deed dated Dec. 27, 1720 (York Deeds, Lib. 13, 600), and will be will be will be a subject to the product of the North Condition of the William Pillion Margaret, then wile of Thomas Pitman, by deed dated Dec. 27, 1720 (York Deeds, Lib. 13, 600), and will be will be will be a subject to the product of Const. Most and Gustin, Indian Saganores, from which William Pillion was driven by the Indians in 121. During his life time, William Pillion seems to brave held these lands against all corres, but + The deed from the Sagamores Samoset and Unnongoit to John Brown, dated July 15, Gustin, Indam Sagamores, from which William? Hilton was driven by the Indians in 121, During his life time, William? Hilton seems to have held these lands against all comers, but after his death, and the end of the war, particularly in the years 1761, 1762 and 1763, settlers crowded in from every side, some claiming title mader heirs of Drown, others with no color or pretence, but by simple force, and gradually, piece by piece, dispossessed the legal owners and reduced them to a very small part of their anestral estate. The heirs of William? and Margaret Hilton made several efforts to recover the land, of which they had thus been dissegred, both before, and immediately after, the Revolutionary war, but the troubles of the times prevented anything from being done. The last attempt was made to the second of the control of the proposition of the color with the County of limits. The color was the second of the proposition to claim at the plants within the County of the color of the color of the proposition of the pro mine the rights and titles of the non-resident claimants to lands within the County of mine the rights and titles of the non-resident chimants to lands within the County of Lincoln, in opposition to the rights, titles and claims of the Commonwealth and those of the resident settlers thereupon. The Commissioners reported, Jan. 26, 1813, adversely to the claimants. Copies of the depositions of Rehard Bilton, Margaret Pituman, Hannah her common the Commissioners of the Commissioners of the Commissioners of the Commissioners of the Commissioners, were some of them to gother than the Commissioners, were some of them bought at an anction sale in Boston, about forty years ago, by Charles H. Morse, Esq., of Cambridge, Mans, afterward of Washington, D.C., from whom they passed into the possession of the Maine Historied Society, and some were found among the papers of the late Capit. Amos Histor. An account of this and other claims of land may be found in Johnston's Hist, of Dristol and Fernence and Penaguid.

- vii. Ebenezer (d. when 4 years of age).
- viii. Ruttt (m. Enoch Avery, and afterward Samuel Waters, Esq). ix. ELIZABETH (hapt. in Manchester, Aug. 12, 1750, as daughter of "Will-im Hilton & mary of Broad Bay;" m. David Avery, and afterward Ephraim Brown).
- Joseph (settled in New Milford).
- xi. Mathias (d. very young).

From the same source, it appears that Mary's, above named, the eldest daughter, married Matchlove, and died without issue; that William,'s who was killed as above described, left one child, who was drowned when very young; that Anna's married John McCurda; and that James' had a wife Sarah and children Mary (m. Jonathan Merritt), William, John, James, Jenny (m. Jonathan Peaslee), Peggy (m. Abram Hilton), Joshua, Joseph, Elizabeth (m. Thomas McCurda), Sally (m. Israel Woodbury), Susannah (m. Joseph Linscott), Lydia (m. Benjamin Hilton), and Nancy (m. John Lynn). But it would exceed the limits prescribed for this article to follow this branch of the family further.

- Samuet, Hilton (William, William, William), b. in Manchester, May 16, 1713; m. (1) in Beverly, April 12, 1733, Eleanor Griggs, daughter of Jacob Griggs of Salem, removed to Marblehead and afterward to Boston. He had house and land in Boston on a 35f. street, now Pleasant Street. Child of Samuel and Eleanor was:
 - SARAH, b. in Boston, June 6, 1734; m. in Lunenburg, June 21, 1753, Abner Whitney, of District Shirley.

He m. (2) in Newton, Mass., April 17, 1735, Sarah Clark of Newton, and afterward removed there, and subsequently to Lunenburg, where he died March 21, 1756. She died Feb. 2, 1792. Children of Samuel and Sarah were:

- ii. Samuel, b. in Boston, Nov. 6, 1736.
- iii. Samuel, b. in Newton, Jan. 4, 1738-9.
 - iv. Hannah, b. in Newton, March 21, 1740-41; d. May 2, 1741.
 - William, b. in Newton, June 21, 1742.
 - vi. Hannah, b. in Newton, Aug. 16, 1744.
 - vii. Mary, b. in Newton, Jan. 20, 1746-7.
 - viii. Elizabeth, b. in Newton, Dec. 20, 1749; m. April 6, 1783, John Fitzgerald.
 - ix. Thomas, b. in Lunenburg, June 14, 1752.
 - x. David, b. in Lunenburg, April 12, 1752 [?]; bapt. April 27, 1755.
- Benjamix' Hilton (William, William, William, William, bin Manchester, Aug. 27, 1717; m. there, Jan. 9, 1737-8, Miriam Badcock, and was "killed by the French, † 1746 or 1747. His

Suffelk Deeds, Lib. 53, fol. 140; Lib. 68, fol. 59 and fol. 61.
 Deposition of Richard Hilton.

were:

widow married in Manchester, Ang. 1, 1771, John Morse, of Beverly. Children of Benjamin and Miriam, all born in Manchester, were:

- MIRIAM, b. Dec. 19, 1738; m. May 27, 1756, Paul Leach, Jr.
 MARGARET, b. July 11, 1740; m. March 29, 1765, Charles
- Hill.
 iii. Benjamin, b. Feb. 6, 1743-4.
 - ELIZABETH, a posthumous daughter, b. June 6, bapt. June 7, 1747; m. in Beverly, April 26, 1765, Joseph Foster, Jr., of Beverly.
- 11. Amos' Hilton, (William, William, William) mariner, bapt. in Marblehead, March 12, 1720–21; m. in Manchester, Mass., July 17, 1740, Elizabeth, daughter of Nathaniel Lee, and was "killed by the Indians." Administration on his estate

was granted, Aug. 20, 1744, to his widow Elizabeth, who m. (2) Joseph Hill, July 16, 1746, and (3), Oct. 10, 1752, in Manchester, Nathaniel Rogers of Wenham. Children of Amos and Elizabeth, both born in Manchester,

- 18. i. Amos, b. Oct. 26, 1741.
 - ii. Nathaniel, b. July 8, 1744.
- 12. STILSON' HILTON (Stilson, William, William, William), mariner, bapt. in Marblehead, July 4, 1725; m. in Marblehead, July 4, 1725; m. in Marbleheat, Margaret Allen, daughter of Josiah Allen.† A Stilson Hilton (probably this Stilson) was a private in Capt. Joseph Whipple's company‡ raised for the defence of the seaest in the County of Essex, July 13—Dec. 31, 1775, and was one of the American prisoners of war exchanged at Halifax, June 28, 1777, having been taken in the "Washington" privateer.‡ He died in Manchester, Dec. 29, 1795. She died a widow, Sept. 7, 1799. Their children, all born in Manchester, were:
 - Margaret, b. Jan. 1, 1748-9; d. April 29, 1750.
 - ii. Stilson, b. March 2, 1750-51.
 - ій. Jacob, b. Aug. 12, 1753; d. 1781.
 - Margaret, b. July 22, 1755; d. May, 1759.
 - v. Marx, bapt. July 24, 1757; d. July, 1759.
 - vi. Thomas, b. April 27, 1759; d. June, 1771.
 - HANNAH, b. March 8, 1761; m. July 17, 1783, William Dow.
 MARGARET, b. July 27, 1763; d. June, 1765.
- THOMAS⁵ HILTON (Stilson, William, William, William), mariner, born in Manchester, Mass., July 15, 1733; m. m Manchester, Dec. 9, 1755, Susanna Lee, and died in France

^{*} Deposition of Richard Hilton and unvarying family tradition.

⁺ Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. xxiv. 231.

Muster Rolls.

about 1758. His widow died in Manchester, Oct. 17, 1805, aged 71 years. Child:

- Susannan, b. in Manchester, Aug. 3, 1757; m. Sept. 26, 1776, Ezekiel Leach, and d. Aug. 2, 1792.
- Amos Hilton (Stilson*, William, William, William),
 bin Manchester, Mass., Dec. 27, 1738;
 m. there, Aug. 5, 1762, Mary Lee.
 Names of such of their children as were born in Manchester, were:
 - Molly, b. Feb. 17, 1764.
 - ii. Thomas, b. Nov. 8, 1765.
 - Amos, b. June 30, 1767.

He removed, probably before the Revolutionary war, to Nova Scotia, where his descendants are still numerous. Two of his children were living as late as 1869. Nathan Hilton, Esq., of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, has collected much information as to this branch of the family.

- 15. Samuel Hilton (Stilson, William, William, William), b, in Manchester, Mass., Oct. 7, 1741, was in Col. William Allen's regiment, and afterward in Capt. Andrew Gidding's company, Col. Jonathan Bagley's regiment, of Provincial troops, raised for the invasion of Canada, 1759. He m. about 1761, Judith Carter, of Gloucester (published April 29, 1761). Child:
 - i. Samuel, b. in Manchester, March 19, 1762.

His name is found, as Samuel Hilton of Sheepscott, Maine, among the grantors in a deed from Stilson Hilton et al., to Elizabeth Day, widow, dated July 1, 1765, Essex Deeds, Lib. 121, fol. 159, but the deed does not bear his signature.

- Samuel, Hilton (Samuel, William, William, William),
 John H., Samuel, Hilton (Samuel, 1738-9; m. in Lunenburg,
 Nov. 17, 1763, Rebecca Stickney, and died there, Jan. 15, 1823.
 She died July 1, 1818. Children:
 - Sarah, b. in Lunenburg, March 1, 1768; m. in Lunenburg, Dec. 27, 1787, Solomon Green, of Jaffrey.
 - Rebecca, b. in Lunenburg, Nov. 14, 1770; m. in Lunenburg, May 31, 1798, Stephen Nichols, of Westford.
 - iii. Samuel, bapt. in private, Aug. 14, 1773; d. Jan. 1774.
 - iv. Sameel, b. in Lunenburg, Jan. 19, 1775.
- BENJAMIN's HILTON (Benjamin, William, William, William), mariner, b. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 6, 1743-4;
 Jan. 20, 1767, Judith Searl, and was lost at sea about 1772,
 coming from the West Indies. Child:
 - i. Benjamin, b. in Manchester, Dec. 26, 1771.

 Amos Hilton (Amos, William, William, William), master mariner, b. in Manchester, Mass., Oct. 26, 1741, was in Capt. Fuller's company of Col. Bagley's regiment, in the expedition to Lake George, 1758, and at Louis-

bourg in 1759 and 1760, in Capt. Andrew Gidding's company of Col. C Jonathan Bagley's regiment of Pro-

1778. vincial troops.* He m. in Beverly, Nov. 16, 1762, Apphia Brown, and was lost at sea about 1783. Administration on his estate was granted to his widow, May 6, 1788. She died a widow in Man-

- chester, July 25, 1815, aged 76. Children: Amos, b. in Beverly, April 6, 1764.
 - Joseph, b. in Beverly, July 1, 1767.
 - iii. Mary, m. (1) in Manchester, April 19, 1796, George Cross, Jr.; m. (2) - Nourse, and died a widow in Manchester. Jan. 29, 1863, aged 92 years and 8 mos.

ELIZABETH, b. in Manchester, April 15, 1770; m. Sept. 7,

1788, George Cross [Jr.], and died Aug. 12, 1789.

Nathan, b. in Manchester, Nov. 16, 1773.

- vi. АРРИIA, b. in Manchester, May 24, 1775; m. (1) July 4, 1793, Nehemiah Driver; m. (2) about 1805, Charles Adams, of Beverly.
- vii. Hannah, b. in Manchester, May 14, 1778; m. (1) March 15, 1798, George Norton; m. (2) about 1804, Thomas Leach. viii. Peggy, m. Jan. 16, 1801, William Girdler, and d. a widow in

Beverly, Dec. 14, 1861, aged 79 years 11 mos.

- WILLIAM, b. in Manchester, June 1, 1783.
- NATHANIEL⁵ HILTON (Amos, William, William, William, William) liam1), b. in Manchester, Mass., July 8, 1744; had a wife Martha, who died a widow in Manchester, Oct. 30, 1839, aged 90 years. and children, all born in Manchester:
 - Nathaniel, b. Aug. 23, 1768; d. Oct. 7, 1768.
 - ELIZABETH, b. Aug. 25, 1769; m. June 30, 1789, Benjamin Crombie.
 - iii. NATHANIEL ROGERS, b. Feb. 17, 1774.
 - THOMAS, b. April 1, 1777; bapt. April 6, 1777 (as son of Thomas [?] and Martha); d. April 7, 1777, or April 3, 1778.
 - Patty, b. June 26, 1782; d. Feb. 14, 1784. (Bapt. according to church records, July 2, 1781, and died Feb. 14, 1783).
 - Thomas, b. Aug. 22, 1784; d. Nov. 21, 1801.
 - vii. Patty, b. Aug. 8, 1787; m. Nov. 28, 1805, John Orsment Morgan.
 - viii. Susannah, b. June 4, 1791; m. Dec. 27, 1815, Jacob Morgan.
- Stilson⁶ Hilton (Stilson, Stilson, William, William, William1), b. in Manchester, Mass., March 2, 1750-51; m. Jan. 25, 1774, Lois Tewxbury, daughter of John Tewxbury.

^{*} Muster Rolls. Journal of Gibson Clough, printed in Hist. Coll. of Essex Institute, iii. 199, 201,

He was mate of the "Liverpool" sloop, privateer,* 1780, and died March 5, 1829. His wife died April 17, 1825, aged about 70 years. The date of his death and that of four of his children are not found in the Town Records, but are taken from an old family bible in the possession of one of his descendants. Children, all born in Manchester, were:

- Betty, b. Dec. 16, 1776; d. March 24, 1818.
- Lois, b. May 14, 1781; m. (1) Oct. 4, 1829, Nehemiah Abbott;
 m. (2) Benjamin Crombie, and died a widow, Jan. 26, 1864.
- Molly, b. Sept. 4, 1784; d. Jan. 22, 1807.
 Margaret, b. Sept. 26, 1788; d. Feb. 24, 1829.
- v. Sarah, b. Nov. 3, 1791; d. Dec. 21, 1826.
- vi. Hannan, b. May 28, 1793; d. July 9, 1828.
- 21. Samuel, Hilton (Samuel, Samuel, William, William), b. in Lunenburg, Jan. 19, 1775; in. (1) in Westford, Feb. 20, 1801, Nancy Brooks, of Westford. She died May 17, 1808, and he m. (2) June 30, 1813, Mary Barrett. They removed to Temple, Me., † where they died about children, all by his first wife, and all born in Lunenburg, were:
 - i. Nancy, b. Sept. 26, 1801; m. Stephen Norman Nichols.
 - Mary, b. July 4, 1803; m. Thomas Spaulding.
 - SAMUEL, b. May 18, 1805; (m. 15 March, 1832, Mary Chandler, and after the birth of one child, Mary B., b. Aug. 29, 1832, removed to Temple, Me.†)
 - SOPHIA, b. May 9, 1807; m. Nov. 30, 1829, Hilliard E. Woodward, of Chelmsford.
- 22. Benjamis Iliton (Benjam'a, Benjamin, William, William, William), William), b. in Manchester, Mass., Dec. 26, 1771; m. in Beverly, June 1, 1794, Elizabeth Morse, daughter of William Morse. Administration on his estate was granted June 5, 1810, to Mrs. Judith Hilton, probably his mother. Children of Benjamin and Elizabeth, both born in Beverly, were:
 - ELIZABETH, b. July 8, 1797; m. in Beverly, April 5, 1814, Joseph Russell, of Manchester, and d. in Beverly, March 9, 1860.
 - Jерітн, b. Sept. 16, 1799; d. Sept. 19, 1801.

23. Amos* Hilton (Amos, Amos, William, William, William), master mariner, b. in Beverly, April 6, 1764; m. in Manchester, Mass., Dec. 15, 1785, Nabby Ober, and was lost at

Amos Hilon Sea about 1796. Administration on his estate was granted, Feb. 7, 1803, to Nabby Hilton his widow, who m. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 22, 1803,

Fort Louis, Isle of France, Nov. 22, 1789. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 22, 1803, Asa Herrick, of Concord, N. H., and died in Concord, N. H.,

^{*} Muster Rolls.

[†] This statement is made on the authority of a manuscript entitled "Genealogies of

March 11, 1841. Children of Amos and Nabby, all born in Manchester, Mass., were:

i. Amos, b. March 26, 1786.

 Nabby, b. Feb. 8, 1788; m. in Concord, N. H., about 1813, Isaac Long, of Hopkinton, N. H., and d. in Concord, N. H., July 20, 1870.

iii. Joseph, b. Aug. 30, 1791; d. Feb. 11, 1792.

- ISRAEL OBER, b. June 27, 1793; d. in Concord, N. H., Dec. 20, 1813.
- 24. NATHANIEL ROGERS HILTON (Nathaniel, Amos, William, William, William), usually called Nathaniel Hilton, Jr., b. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 17, 1774; m. there, Nov. 9, 1797, Patty Crombie, and died about 1804. His widow m. Oct. 31, 1805, Capt. Joseph Porter, and died a widow, in that part of Malden which is now Everett, June 10, 1865, aged about 90 years. Child of Nathaniel and Patty:
 - CHARLOTA, b. in Manchester, July 20, 1798; m. in Charlostown, (1) John Gurney, May 16, 1819; (2) Samuel S. Sargent, April 10, 1828; and d. a widow in Everett, Mass., July 14, 1873.
- 25. Amos, Hilton (Amos, Amos, Amos, William, William, William), master mariner, b. in Manchester, Mass., March 26, 1786; m. July 3, 1808,

Hannah Leach, daughter of Ezekiel Leach, and died in Boston, Nov. 24, 1850. She

Amos Helton Leghorn, Feb. 2, 1818.

died a widow, in Boston, Jan. 2, 1864, aged about 75. Children, all born in Manchester, Mass.:

 HANNAH LEACH, b. April 2, 1809; m. (1) Nov. 10, 1830, John Richards; m. (2) Aug. 19, 1841, Henry F. Lee, and d. June 7, 1846.

 Amos, b. April 27, 1812; d. in Boston, March 11, 1858, unmarried.

 ABIGAIL OBER, b. May 5, 1816; m. in Manchester, Mass., May 15, 1836, John Hassam,* of Boston.

The intentions of marriage of Timothy Starns [sic] and Polly Hilton were published in Manchester, Jan. 27, 1793.

William Hilton was admitted to full communion with the Church in Wenham, 1716.

Families in the Town of Lunenburg, Massachusetts. From the first Settlement of the Town in I/19 to 1874. Prepared from various sources and arranged by George A. Cunninsham," now deceased. It is in the possession of his mother, Mrs. N. F. Cunningham, of Lunenburg.

* N. E. Hist, and Gen. Register, xxiv., 414, and xliii, 320.

Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families. Boston: David Clapp

& Son. 1880. Privately printed. The Hassam Family. Boston: David Clapo & Son. 1896. Privately printed.

THE

CHEEVER FAMILY.

BY

JOHN T. HASSAM, A.M.

PRIVATELY PRINTED.

BOSTON:

1896.

D. CLAPP & SON, Printers. 291 CONGRESS STREET. bution. See also "Ezekiel Cheever and Some of his Descendants," Boston, David Clapp & Son, 1879, reprinted with additions from the article published by me in the New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for April 1879 (xxxiii. 164). See also

A few copies of this paper have been printed for private distri-

"Ezekiel Cheever and Some of his Descendants. Part Second," "Ezekiel Cheever. Additional Notes" and "Bartholomew and Richard Cheever and Some of their Descendants," published by me in the New-England Historical and Genealogical Register

for April 1884 (xxxviii. 170), January 1887 (xli. 65) and July 1882 (xxxvi, 305) respectively. J. T. H.



THE CHEEVER FAMILY.

Ezekiel Cheever, the famous master of the Boston Latin School, was the son of William Checver, skinner, and was born in London, January 25, 1614.* He was admitted to Christ's Hospital, London, April 3, 1626, and pre- & Chester. ferred to the University of Cambridge, April 27, 1633. In the Register of Emmanuel College, Cambridge, he is entered as "1632-33, Jan. 12. Ezekiel Cheever. Sizar. Middlesex." He came to Boston in New England in 1637; removed, probably the next year, to New Haven; went afterward to Inswich, then to Charlestown, and finally, in 1671, to Boston, where he died August 21, 1708. He was buried in the Granary Burial Ground, his gravestone bearing the inscription, "Mr Ezekiel Cheuer." For a biographical notice of him and an account of some of his descendants, see the New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for April, 1879 (xxxiii. 164); April, 1884 (xxxviii. 170) and January, 1887 (xli. 65).

His children by his first wife Mary, who died in New Haven, Jan. 20, 1649, were:

- i. Samuel, b. in New Haven, Sept. 22, 1639; bapt. there 17: 9: 1639.
 - Mary, bapt. in New Haven, 29: 9: 1640; m. (1) 22 Nov. 1671, Capt. William Lewis, of Farmington, Ct., as his second wife. She m. (2) Thomas Bull, of Farmington, Jan. 3, 1692, and d. Jan. 10, 1728.
 - iii. Ezekiel, bapt. in New Haven, 12: 4: 1642; d. young.
 - ELIZABETH, bapt. in New Haven, 6: 2: 1645; m. in Charlestown, Sept. 6, 1666, Samuel Goldthwaite.
 - SARAH, bapt. in New Haven, 21: 7: 1646.
 - vi. Hannau, bapt. in New Haven, 25: 4: 1648.

His children by his second wife, Ellen Lathrop, sister of Capt. Thomas Lathrop, of Beverly, whom he married Nov. 18, 1652, and who died in Boston, Sept. 10, 1706, were:

- vii. ABIGAIL, b. Oct. 20, 1653; d. in Boston, Jan. 24, 1705, unmarried, aged 52 years.
- viii. Ezektel, b. July 1, 1655.
- NATHANIEL, b. in Ipswich, June 23, 1657; d. there July 12, 1657.
- x. Thomas, b. in Ipswich, Aug. 23, 1658.
- xi. William, b. in Charlestown, Jan. 23, bapt. Jan. 29, d. there Feb. 5, 1664.
 - xii. Susanna, m. in Boston, June 5, 1693, Joseph Russell.†
- Sanall's Diary, II. 231. Cotton Mather's Corderius Americanus. This date differs from that given in the record of his admission to Christ's Hospital. See N.-E. Hist, and Gm. Register for Jan 1887 (xil. 63). † N.-E. Hist, and Gen. Register, July 1882 (xxxvi. 324).

 Samuel² Cheever (Ezekiel¹), Rev., born in New Haven, Sept. 22, 1639, bapt. there 17: 9: 1639, graduated at Harvard College in 1659. He went to Marble-

head in November, 1668, where he Camuot preached for sixteen years before being regularly ordained. His is the second

name on the petition* of the inhabitants of Marblehead against imposts, 1668. He took the oath of freeman May 19, 1669. † In a deposition taken at Marblehead Feb. 18, 1705-6, he testified to his "being minister of yt Sd place thirty Seven years and liuing next door to mr Maverick" and "keeping in his almanack a register of yo Anual Occurences in the Towne," June 28, 1671, he married Ruth Angier, daughter of Edmund Angier of Cambridge. "Mr John Hubberd" and "mr Samuell cheeuers" were admitted to full communion with the church in Ipswich Jan. 25, 1673. He was ordained Aug. 13, 1684, as the first settled minister of Marblehead. In the same year, 1684, he preached the Artillery Election sermon from Heb. ii. 10. He was one of the ministers who were consulted in relation to the witcheraft troubles in Salem Village in 1694,** and one of those who petitioned the General Court†† in 1703 in relation to the witchcraft trials. In Boston. May 28, 1712, he preached the Election Sermon, 11 It is said to have

† Mass. Colonial Records, iv. (part 2) 583.

t Notarial Records, i. 57, in Office of Clerk of Courts, Salem.

Journal of Rev. William Adams in Coll. of Mass. Hist. Soc., 4th Series, i. 13.

Church Records on last leaf but one of an old volume of records of the Feoffees of the Grammar School in Ipswich. I Transcript of the Records of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company deposited

in the Boston Athenseum.

** Coll, of Mass. Hist. Soc., 3d Series, iii, 180. N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, x, 363:

++ Mass. Archives, cxxxv, 124. "To his Excellency the Governour, Council and Repre-

sentatives of the Province of the Massachusets Bay, in Generall Court Assembled June 1703. The Address of severall Ministers of the County of Essex.

"Whereas in the year 1692 some of our neighbours of a good conversation, were apprehended and imprisoned upon Suspition of Witcheraft, upon the complaint of some young persons under Diabolicali molestations; and you their Tryall at the Court at Salem were condemned; great weight being layd you the Evidence of the Afflicted persons, their Accusers. Sentence of Death was Executed on severall of them, but others were Reprieved.

"But since it is apparent and hath been Acknowledged, that there were Errors and mis-takes in the aforesaid Tryalls; and notwithstanding the care and conscientions endeavour of the Honorable Judges to do the thing that is right: yet there is great reason to fear that Innocent persons then sufferred, and that God may have a controversy with the Land vpon that account.

"We would therefore humbly propose to the consideration of this Honored Court, whether something may not, and ought not, to be publickly done to clear the good name and repu-tation of some who have suffered as aforesaid, against whom there was not as is supposed Sufficient evidence to prove the guilt of such a Cinne, and for whom there are good grounds of Charity. Some of the condemned persons aforesaid, and others in behalf of their Rela-

of Charlyr. Some of the condemned persons afforesaid, and others in behalf of their Rela-tions who have suffered, have lately Petitioned this Honoured Court upon this Account. We pray that their case may be duely consider d. Thomas Barnard, Samuel Cheever, Jo-seph Green, Zeeb. Sarmaes, Wilkian Habbatari, Joseph Gerrish, Benjamin Roffe, John Rogers, Jabez Ritch, Jare Wise, Joseph Capen, Thomas Symmes."

1, "Goos I Sweverien Government | Among the | Navirosa | Asserted in a Senmon | Preached before His Excellence to the Government, Honour Preached before His Excellence to the Massachedel Bag in New England, on May 28, 1712. | Design the day for Elevision of the Massachedel Bag in New England, on May 28, 1712. | Design the day for Elevision of the Superior Concellent that Province, Bag Saxwer, Son (Caustra, Passor of the Church in Marobehed | Fast, zer. 3.6 [Text in full]. "Fast, in

^{*} Mass. Archives, Ix. 39. This petition was printed in the N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register,

been the first preached in the Old South Church, the previous sermons having been preached in the First Church.*

The Rev. John Barnard in his autobiography, t says: "The aged and Rev. Mr. Samuel Cheever, pastor of the church in Marblehead, needing assistance, the church and town nominated Mr. Edward Holvoke (now President), Mr. Amos Cheever, and myself, to preach to them, upon probation, for three months, alternately." The town was divided between Mr. Barnard and Mr. Holyoke, but it was finally determined in Jan. 1715 to form a new church for Mr. Holyoke and to ordain Mr. Barnard as the colleague of the Rev. Samuel Cheever. He continues, "I carried on part of the labors of the Sabbath with my venerable father Cheever, till I was ordained, July 18, 1716. When we returned from the public to his house, the good man broke out, before all the ministers, 'Now, Lord, lettest thou thy servant depart in peace." In a "Sketch of Eminent Ministers in New England," Mr. Barnard says, "The Rev. Mr. Samuel Cheever, graduated in 1659; my predecessor, of great classick learning, a good preacher, a thorough Christian, and a prudent man."

He died in Marblehead, May 29, 1724. His colleague preached the funeral sermon. from which the following extracts are made:

"God brought him among you some time in November, 1668, from which Time, those of you that are advanced in Years, know how much he has been a common Father to the whole Town, in the many temporal Advantages which you have received from him; he truly went about doing good, and serving you in all your Interests." "And he was as constant and assiduous as fervent and zealous a Preacher of the Word of God among you; so that, if I mistake not, from his first coming among you, until the time that Age had worn him out, you never were, more than once, without the constant Entertainments of your Sabbaths, your stated Feasts, and your New Moons; the he was alone for about 48 Years: God so graciously confirmed his Health, that for more than 50 years, he never was hindred from coming to you in the Name of the Lord by any Sickness. INDEED the infirmities of Age obliged him to take leave of his publick stated Exercises in October 1719, which he did from those Words of our Saviour, John ix. 4. I must work the works of him that sent me, while it is day; the night cometh when no man can work. And yet about a Year after this, upon a special Occasion, he entertained us with a short, but plain and fervent Excitement. to be zealous of good Works." "IT was a signal and uncommon Favour of

^{12. [}Text in full]. | Boston: Printed by B. Green: Sold at the | Booksellers Shops. 1712 | ."

⁽Mass, Council Records, v. 57.) "At a Council held at the Council Chamber in Boston upon Tuesday June ye, 23rd, 1713," it was advised and consented that there should be paid "To Samuel Gerrish Bookseller Eleven pounds four shillings & eight pence ballance of his accompt for printing Mr. Fembertons Election Sermon, & Five pounds two shillings & ten pence for printing Mr. Cheevers Election Sermon & for making them up."
* Drake* Hist. of Boston, 543.
* Coll. Mass. Hist. Soc., 3d Series, v. 217-8.

^{**} Units of Holona, 53s. ** Volt. Mass. Halt. Soc., 3d Series, v. 21/r-8.

** Units Children Sec. 18 Series, ** Volt. Mass. Halt. Soc., 3d Series, v. 21/r-8.

** Office Sec. 18 Series, ** Volt. Mass. Halt. Sec. 18 Sec. 18

God to him, that the' he lived to the Age of fourscore and almost five, yet he had so settled a Constitution, and firm a Health, as to be able to say, that he never was Sick in all his Life; a days Indisposition, and some small touches of the Sciatica, he has sometimes known: And as his Health was firm, so at upwards of fourscore, he could read without the help of Spectacles, and had his Hearing quick as Youth, to the last week of his Life; but the Powers of his Mind, for some few Years before he died, failed, especially his Memory, whereby he was greatly unfitted even for common Conversation; and yet his constant Family Prayers were orderly, and regular; so did Grace shine in the decays of Nature." "Thus continued he at Work, and patiently submitting to the Will of God, till a few days ago his Senses wholly left him, and the Night before last he died, and truly died; his Lamp of Life fairly burning out, without being put out; for he felt no Sickness nor Pain to the last, nor shewed any the least tokens of them even in his expiring Moments."

In his will, dated March 10, 1721, probated June 4, 1725, he makes various devises and bequests to his wife, his son Ames and his two daughters Ruth Stacey and Sarah Ruck. The other children had probably died before him. His library he gives to his son Ames. He was buried in the old burial ground on the "Burial Hill" in Marblehead, and his gravestone bears this inscription:

Hoc caespite velantur, D. Samuelis Cheever, Ecclesiae primae D. N. Jesu Christi apud Marblehead, Pastoris Re^a Reliquiae. Neq³ ex humanis demigravit annis eatenus gravatus fui; cumq³ Obijit (licet Annă Octogessimă 5⁵⁰⁰ ageret) viribus tantum non Juvenilbus, floruit, & vix tandem senuit, Olicio Pastoriali ergo Pastoris Magni gregem. Integritate maxima. Laboro & Viglantia, Amore, Benevolentia, & Philadelphia, per quinquaginta Annos fungebatur; Laboribus donec fatigatus intra limina per quatuor ferè Annos colibitus fuit, ubi Studiis & Precationibus enixè attamen incubuit

Populo interea Damnum effusè (insigniter repara tum) lugente, Opere suo demum Peracto, ut remuneraretur, accersitus fuit 29° Maji 1724. & Resignatione maxima, sine Dolore, sine Morbo, nisi senectute & valetudine vix adversa, tandem evasit, suavissimeq¹ in Jesu Dormivit.

His widow died 5: 4^{mo} 1742, aged 95. Their children were:

- Ezekiel, bapt. 1st Ch. Salem, May, 1675.
- iii. Samuel, " " May, 1677.iv. Mary, " " Sept. 16, 1678.
- v. Mary, " " May 1, 1681; d. in Boston, Dec. 14,

^{*&}quot; Mr. (Ezekiel) Chiever is yet alive, and teaches School. His Granddaughter Chiever of Marbiehead came to him lately upon a visit, died suddenly, and was buried from his Hone; was about 29, year old, a descendant Of Dr. Ames." Letter from Samuel Sewall to Samnel Shepard, Dec. 29, 1707. Sexall's Letter Book, Coll. Mass. Hist. Society, Sixth Series. I. 356.

vi. Samuel, bapt. 1st Ch. Salem, Sept. 1682.

vii. Anna, b. Marblehead, Feb. 27, 1683-4; bapt. there Aug. 24, 1684; d. Dec. 5, 1700.

viii. Ames, b. Marblehead, Oct. 24, 1686; bapt. there Nov. 14, 1686.

- ix. Nathaniel, b. " Oct. 2, 1688; bapt. there Oct. 14, 1688; d. 1689.
 - Sarah, m. in Marblehead, Nov. 10, 1713, Samuel Ruck.

3. Ames Cheever (Samuel, Ezekiel), Rev., born in Marblehead, Oct. 24, 1686, graduated at Harvard College 1707. His mother was a granddaughter of the fa-

mous and learned Rev. William Ames, amos Choserge D.D.,* in honor of whom he received his baptismal name. After his failure

to be chosen the colleague of his father in Marblehead, he was invited by the town of Manchester, Mass., by a unanimous vote, at a

 Dr. William Ames was horn in Ipswich, co. Suffolk, England, in the year 1576. "His parents were persons of good account as to ye world," his father, Mr. William Ames, being a merchant adventurer, and his mother Joane the daughter of Mr. Snelling. His father and mother both died during his minority, but his mother's own brother, Mr. Snelling, who lived in Boxford, took charge of the orphan, brought him up to learning, and sent him to Christ's College, Cambridge. He took the degree of B. A. in 1607, and was a Fellow of the College.

After he had taken his degrees in Divinity, he would have been chosen Master of the College, but for his religious opinions. A sermon preached by him at St. Mary's about 1810, gave great offence, and to avoid expulsion he left both the College and the University. He was elected Lecturer to the Corporation of Colchester, Jan. 1699-10, but the Bishop of London would not sanction the appointment. Finding it difficult to obtain any preferement in England, by reason of his non-conformity, he went to Leyden and then to the Hague, where he succeeded Dr. John Burgess as chaplain to Sir Horatio Vere and the English troops. Here he married his first wife, the daughter of his predecessor, but had no childfroojs. Here is married ans arise ware, the danganer of an predecessor, and nad no farmer on by her. "During the sittings of the Synod of Dort, he received a salary from the States General of Holland to enable him to live in Dort and aid the President of the Synod by his suggestions." When the synod broke up in May, 1619, Dr. Ames was appointed "overseer of those students in divinity, who were maintained by some godly merchants of Amsterdam and educated at Deyden for the ministry." It was for their instruction that he wrote his Mcdulla Theologiæ.

He had been obliged to leave the Hague through the influence of Archbishop Abbot, who wrote to the ambassador urging his removal. The same agency prevented his election as Professor at the University of Leyden. But in spite of opposition from the same source, he was appointed in 1622, by the States of Friesland, to a professorship in the University of Francker. He held this professorship for nearly twelve years, and then removed in 1633 to Rotterdam, to become colleague of the faunous Hugh Peters, minister of the English Congregational church there.

While contemplating a removal to America, he was attacked by a fever, brought on by where contemporary a retirevist to America, the was antacked by a lever, foreign on hy-presente during an inmediation of the sea at Rotterdam. He dided in Rotterdam, Nov. 14, 1638, aged 57 years, and there he was buried. He is described as of middle stature, "of a rotter bury of a good and strong constitution." His portest in the Memorial Hall of Har-vard College, Cambridge, Mass., has been recently restored, and bears this inscription: "Revd-William Ames D.D. Extrass: As: 57, 1633."

He was twice married. "His second wife was a person of quality, whose name was He was twice married. "His second wife was a person of quality, whose name was reflective." By the rhe had three children, two sons and a daughter, who all survived hum. Soon after his death his widow and children, who had heen "kindly and bountfully reflered by the piocs Magistracy of Rotterdam," left Holland and went to Yarmouth, Eng. "May the 11th 1657. The examinaction of Jonne Ames of Yarmouth, Wydow, agoed 39 years, with 3 children, Buth, agoed 18 years, which are supported to the second support of the second s

years, with 3 clindren, 100th, algord 18 years, within and John; are desirous to passe for mer England and there to inclusion and Remains. "of Yarmonth, William Goose, master. On the 15th day of 9th mo. 1637, the General Court of Massachusetts "gave 440 to Ms. Ames, the widow of Doeter Ames, of tamos memory, who is deceased." She had also a grant of band in Salem in that year. They lived first in Salem, but soon removed to Cambridge, Massachusetts where the mother did and was benincing 31st and 185 no 1614.

William, the son, graduated at Harvard College in 1645, but soon returned to England, and became the colleague of the Rev. John Phillip, the Rector of Wrentham, co. Suffolk, who had married in Wrentham, Jan. 6, 1611-12, Elizabeth Ames, his father's sister. For town meeting* held March 12, 1715-6, to become the minister This offer he accepted in the following letter. †

"I declare my acceptance of Manchester's offers in order to Settlement covenanting wh. ym to do so & accept ordination as soon as may be, whilst yy are labouring to accomplish wt. I proposed & yy accepted feb: 16 last past And now promise to live wth. yth. in ye labours of ye Gosple, while y': continue in its faith & order, yeilding to me all ye. Honours yt. ye. Gosple Demands for ye. Ambassadors of ye. Glorious Lord Brethren Pray for Me: Amen

Oct: 4: 1716:

Ames Cheever."

He was ordained Nov. 1716, as the first settled minister of Manchester. Differences, however, arose between him and his people, aggravated probably by the continual depreciation of the paper money in which his salary was paid. From 1736 to 1743, the town made him constantly increasing appropriations "to make up for the Sinking of our Province Bills."

† To a committee appointed by the town, he presented March 16, 1743, a list of grievances, eight in number, complaining that the town had not kept its agreement with him. These troubles culminated in his asking a dismission from his pastoral office, which was granted Feb. 21, 1743-4, it having received the assent of a council | called to advise in the matter.

He died in Manchester, Jan. 15, 1756, and letters of administration on his estate were issued Feb. 16, 1756, to Isaac Mansfield, Jr., Esq., of Marblehead, who had married his daughter Ruth.

many years he preached part of the day at Frostenden. He was ejected for non-conform-ty in 1652, died July 21, 1689, and was buried in Wrentham churchyard, where his grave-stone is still to be seen. He had been twice married. Two children by his second wife died young, and one daughter by his first wife alone survived him.

by a committee appointed by the town is on file in the town clerk's office.

|| Church Records, ii. 3.

i Church Records, ii. 3.

Yone of the consequences of this appointment was that many valuable books and papers passed into the possession of the Man-field family. The church records of Wenham, keyn based into the possession of the Man-field family. The church records of Wenham, keyn be lost. They were found and restored in 18 g. "On a blank fact is the following, in the bandwriting of Rev. Mr. Anderson: "Marblehend, Sept. 4, 1869. This day this book was received from the hand of Rev. Lease Man-field of this bown, who is grandson of the Rev. Mr. Cheever, formerly of Manchester, and great-grandson of Rev. Joseph Gerish, formerly of Wenham, by Raffas Anderson: "See sermon delivered on the Second Centenment of Wenham, by Raffas Anderson: "See sermon delivered on the Second Centenment of Wenham, by Raffas Anderson: "See sermon delivered on the Second Centenment of Wenham, by Raffas Anderson." See sermon delivered on the Second Centenment of Wenham, by Raffas Anderson." See sermon delivered on the Second Centenment of Wenham and Raffas nial Anniversary of the organization of the First Church in Wenham, by Daniel Mansfield, Pastor, Andover, 1845.

The first book of the church records of Manchester was not recovered until about sixty or

seventy years ago.

His estate was appraised at £1583: 10: $3\frac{1}{2}$, and among the articles in the inventory were the following:

1 negro woman Call'd Violet,* .	26: 13: 4.	
1 negro Child,	5: 6: 8.	
dounce Gold,	2:10:8.	
Silver plate, 88loz.,	32: 7:25	ž.
4 gold rings, gold buttons, silver buck	des, 3:17:0.	•
1 gown,		
5 old wigs & ye Box,		
A parcel Books,†	66: 13: 4.	
Mansion house and land in Mancheste	er and Marblehead, 508: 19: 0.	
A parcel Books,†	66: 13: 4.	

He was buried in the old burial ground in Manchester. No gravestone marked the spot until 1895, the year of the celebration of the 250th anniversary of the town, when a stone was erected bearing this inscription, the epitaph being from Alden's Epitaphs:

Reverend
AMES CHEEVER
B. Oct. 24, 1686 D. Jan. 15, 1756
Minister of Manchester
1716—1744
Erected by his
Descendants

"Hoc decus exiguum sacrum memoriæ reverendi AMESII CHEEVER, qui cursu peracto ætatis suæ 69, 15 Januarii. anno Domini. 1756. terrena cœlestibus pro reliquit."

1895.

He m. (1) (published in Wenham, Sept. 9, 1716) Anna, dau. of the Rev. Joseph Gerrish; of Wenham. She d. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 14, 1726-7. Their children were:

- SAMUEL, b. in Manchester, Aug. 29; bapt. Sept. 1, and d. Sept. 16, 1717.
- Ruth, bapt in Manchester, July 5, 1719; m. (published Sept. 9, 1744) Isaac Mansfield, Jr., Esq., of Marblehead.
- Joseph, bapt. in Manchester, Dec. 11, 1720.
- iv. Anna, bapt. iu Manchester, April 8, 1722.

• The administrator in his account, allowed Oct. 10, 1757, charges himself with "Lose of Nerro Tims (field)"; and in a additional account field Nov. 6, 1759, charges himself with loss on sale of "Nerro Violet," less than the appraised volte, £13: 18: 4. Among the deaths in the church records is the following entry: "P.E., 2, 172, µn Cheever Violet 44 or 6 yr." Casar Consway, of Ipswich, "a Nerro man and Dira Cheever of Manchester a Negro woman," were intending marriage in Manchester, Nov. 11, 1894.

+ What the worthy appraisers concisely term "a purcel Books," was in fact a large and valuable liberry, the accumulation of several generations of scholars, which upon the death of the Rev. Almes Cheever was broken up. The books, being distributed among his heirs at law, fell, anhappity, in many cases, into eareless and indifferent hands. A few of these books much mutitated have come into the possession of the writer of this paper.

Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. v. 28.

- Ames, * b. in Manchester, June 24, 1723; bapt. June 30, 1723; died there March 4, 1802.
- Anna, b. in Manchester, Jan. 26, 1726-7; bapt. Jan. 29, 1727; d. there Feb. 2, 1726-7.
- He m. (2) in Boston, Nov. 6, 1733, Mary Saunders of Boston. She d. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 3, 1734-5. They had one child:
 - vii. Josiah, b. in Manchester, Jan. 24, 1734-5; bapt. Feb. 2, 1734-5; d. deranged in the alms-house in Gloucester, † Jan. 31, 1806.
- He m. (3) in Ipswich, April 5, 1736, Sarah Choate‡ of Ipswich. Their children were:
 - viii. Thomas, \$ bapt. in Manchester, Jan. 16, 1737; was a private soldier in Capt. Andrew Marsters' company, which marched, on the alarm of April 19, 1775, from Manchester to Medford, and was afterward a private in Capt. Richard Dodge's company, Col. Samuel Gerrish's regiment, and in Capt. Robert Dodge's company, Col. Jonathan Titcomb's regiment, He d. in Manchester, Dec. 27, 1781, aged 45 years.
 - ix. John, b. in Manchester, Aug. 7, hapt. Aug. 12, 1739.
 - x. Ezekiel, bapt. in Manchester, March 29, 1741.
 - xi. Samuel, bapt. in Manchester, Nov. 4, 1744.
 - xii. Sarah. Her intentions of marriage with Joseph Knight, Jr., were published in Manchester Nov. 27, 1773. They were never married, and she died in Manchester, July 22, 1774, aged 27 or 28 years.
- He m. (4) (published April 28, 1753) Sarah Davis | of Gloucester, who survived him, and d. a widow, in Manchester, Oct. 27, 1807, aged 80 years. His children by his fourth wife, both born in Manchester, were:
 - xiii. Mary Saunders, b. March 1, 1754; bapt. Oct. 3, 1756; d. unm. before 1785.
 - xiv. Samuel, b. March 12, 1756; bapt. Oct. 3, 1756.
- John⁴ Cheever (Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel¹), yeoman; born in Manchester, Mass., Aug. 7, 1739. In the expedition against Crown Point and Ticonderoga in 1758, he was a private soldier in Capt. Andrew Gidding's company of foot¶ in a regiment of pro-

* He taught school in Manchester and Salem, and preached occasionally, and hence was

* He taught school in Manchester and Salem, and preached occasionally, and hence was sometimes called Rev. Ames Cheever.
Nathan Cheever, who taught school in Manchester in 1743, as appears by the selectmen's Account Book under date of June 39 and 89th. 14 of that year, was a son of Nathan and Hammi (Brooks) Cheever, and grandson of the Rev. Thomas Cheever. He was born in that part of Boots which is now Orcheste, Jan. 15, 1722, and was hving in 1777, but at the widow Elizabeth and five children. See Middlesex and Suffolk Probate Records and N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxx 293.

† Balsson's Hist. of Gloucester, 239.

† N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxx 293.
† Lexington Alarm Roll, xii, 189. Muster Rolls, Ivili. 327, xvii. 153, et al. At a town meeting held in Manchester, Sept. 11, 1789, it was "Voted that y* Selectmen & Commett Sould Meet together & nake up an Accompt what Thomas Cheever should all the Cheever and the Commett Sould Meet together & nake up an Accompt with Thomas Cheever should and the Cheever and the Cheever should all the

vincial troops, of which Jonathan Bagley, Esq., was colonel, and was in the skirmish of July 6, 1758, made memorable by the death of Lord Howe, two days before the repulse of Abercrombie at Ticonderoga. He was fond of relating in his old age the incidents of the fight, every particular of which he well remembered. He saw Lord Howe push forward when the firing began in the immediate front, and, a few moments after, saw the lifeless body carried to the rear.

He was a private soldier in Capt. Andrew Marsters' company,* which marched on the alarm of April 19, 1775, from Manchester to Medford. At a town meeting theld in Manchester, Dec. 29, 1776, he was chosen one of a committee to levy a tax for soldiers' bounties; and at town meetingst held March 18, 1776, and March 9, 1778, he was chosen one of the committee of correspondence, safety and inspection. He held numerous other offices in the gift of the town, and was one of the Selectmen for the years 1776, 1778, 1779, 1780, 1787 and 1789.

He m. (1) in Ipswich, June 15, 1769, Sarah Butler of Ipswich. She d. in Manchester, Sept. 8, 1797. He m. (2) in Manchester, April 13, 1802, Ruth Allen, and d. there Dec. 25, 1821, aged 82 years. Letters of administration on his estate, which was appraised at \$5,047, were issued Jan. 1, 1822, to John Cheever, Jr., his eldest son. His widow d. in Manchester, Dec. 5, 1824, aged 71 years. His children, all by his first wife and all b. in Manchester. Mass., were:

- John, b. May 6, 1785; m. in Manchester, March 29, 1807, Elizabeth Lee, dau. of John and Elizabeth Lee. He was one of the selectmen for many years, and was a representative in the legislature of 1829. He d. in Manchester, Nov. 22, 1841, without issue. His widow m. (2) in Manchester. Dec. 10, 1844, Joseph Hooper.
- Sarah, b. Nov. 18, 1787; m. in Manchester, Mass., Oct. 22. 1808, Capt. Jonathan Hassam, and died there Aug. 19,
- iii. Mary, b. June 19, 1790; m. in Manchester, March 24, 1814, Joseph Allen.¶
- JACOB, b. Dec. 20, 1791. 7. iv.
- Ezekiel⁴ Cheever (Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel¹), yeoman; bapt, in Manchester, Mass., March 29, 1741; m. in Ipswich, Dec. 6, 1770, Susanna Butler of Ipswich, a sister of the wife of his brother John Cheever. She d. in Manchester, May 15, 1826, aged 82, and he d. there July 14, 1826. Their children were:

^{*} Lexington Alarm Roll, xii. 189.

^{*} Lexington Alarm Koll, xu. 139.
† Town Recols, iv. 122.
§ Greealony of the Alfen Family. Hist. Coll. Ess. Inst. xxiv. 234, 304.
§ Av. E. Hot, and Gen. Register, xxiv. 414, and xini. 320.
Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families. Boston: David Clapp & Son. 1889. Privately printed.
* Genealony of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. xxv. 49.

9.

EZEKIEL, b. in Manchester, Mass., Sept. 8, 1771.

SARAH, b. in Manchester, Sept. 1, 1773; m. (1) in Manchester, Nov. 19, 1795, Cunningham Davis (published as Kennisom Davice); m. (2) — Carter, and d. a widow, in Manchester, March 13, 1857.

 MARY. Married in Manchester, May 25, 1799, Thomas Badcock, Jr.

iv. John. Died in Manchester, Nov. 8, 1848, unm., aged 68.

v. Jacob, b. in Manchester, April 28, 1785.

vi. Samuel, " Feb. 23, 1788.

vii. Susan. Married in Manchester, Feb. 18, 1811, Benjamin Leach, Jr.

Samuel, Cheever (Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel), joiner;
 in Manchester, March 12, 1756;
 in In Salem, March 29, 1787,

Anna Ropes.* She d. in Salem, April, 1799.

He m. (2) in Salem, May 10, 1800, Hannah Clark, and, while temporarily insance, committed suicide by hanging, in Salem, May 14, 1818.‡ Administration on his estate, which was appraised at \$1,420.80, was granted July 7, 1818, to his widow Hannah, who d. in Salem, Nov. 16, 1827.§ His children, all by his first wife, were:

- Samuel, bapt. 1st church Salem, Dec. 30, 1787; removed to Sugartown, Penn.
- SARAH, bapt. 1st church Salem, Sept. 20, 1789; m. in Salem, Jan. 17, 1813, Ephraim Abbott, and removed to Zanesville, Ohio.
- Anne, bapt. 1st church Salem, June 10, 1792; d. Oct. 23, 1793.¶
- JACOB⁵ CHEEVER (John, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel'), yeoman; b. in Manchester, Mass., Dec. 20, 1791; m. (1) there, May 11, 1817, Hannah Hilton Crombie. She d. Dec. 6, 1829. Their children, all b. in Manchester, were:
 - 10. i. Jonn, b. Sept. 1, 1817.

ii. JACOB, b. May 6, 1819.

Rufus. b. Jan. 21, 1821; lost at sea about Sept. 17, 1843.

iv. Augustus, b. Jan. 19, 1823.

v. Hannah, b. March 30, 1825; d. Sept. 23, 1827.

vi. Hannah, b. July 19, 1828; d. in Manchester, Dec. 17, 1852.

* Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. vii. 250.

't' Ang. II, 1818. We had in Salem a vendue of the effects of a fiel de se, a carpenter, named Sammel Chever. He was an honest, industrious, melancholie man. He had in his possession his share of the books of his father, Amos Chever, annister of Manchester, son of the contract of the contract of the contract of the Chever, of the Boston Grammar School. The books sold well, and the better from regard to the wislow who is a grand-daudenter of the Rev. Peter Clark of Salem Villege, now Upper Danvers." (Copied from the Ms. Diary of Dr. William Bentley, by the late William Bentler Fowle, for the Rev. Edward Everett Hade S Ms. Notes for a listory of the Boston Latin School). Samuel Chever Heed on Curre Street, now Washington Bentley Salema, nearly Decels, Lib. 159, 601, 288, and Lib. 245, 601, 997. of Decis and Probac Court. See Essex.

Opposite the inflanting occupient of the registry of Decas Lib. 159, fol. 268, and Lib. 245, fol. 95.

§ Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. ix. 107.

[Essex Probate Records, Lib. 94, fol. 9. Essex Decds, Lib. 245, fol. 95.

I Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. ix. 96.

He m. (2) in Manchester, Sept. 12, 1831, Betsey Preston, widow of — Preston and dau, of William and Betsey Morse. She d. in Manchester, June 28, 1865, aged 70 yrs. 7 mo. 28 ds. He d. in Manchester, March 15, 1886. Children of Jacob and Betsey, both b. in Manchester, were:

- vii. William Morse, b. June 3, 1832; m. (1) in Brookline, Oct. 3, 1878, Jane Duncan. She d. in Manchester, May 30, 1887. He m. (2) in Manchester, Oct. 21, 1889, Mary A. Fraser.
- viii. Mary Butler, b. Sept. 11, 1840; d. Aug. 19, 1841.
- 8. Jacob Cheever (Ezekiel, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel), master mariner; b. in Manchester, Mass., April 28, 1785; m. there, Nov. 26, 1812, Nancy Hassam, * day, of William and Elizabeth Hassam. He d. in Havana, June 9, 1817, according to the Manchester Church Records; May, 1817, according to the Town Records. His widow m. (2) in Manchester, Oct. 10, 1819, Samuel Cheever, brother of her late husband, and d. in Manchester, April 5, 1871. The children of Jacob and Nancy, all b. in Manchester, were:
 - Jacob, b. June 27, 1813; d. in Manchester, Aug. 23, 1814.
 - Nancy, b. March 5, 1815.
 - Susan Butler, b. March 5, 1817; m. in Manchester, Oct. 1844, John Carter.
- Samuel, Cheever (Ezekiel, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel) yeoman; b. in Manchester, Mass., Feb. 23, 1788; m. (1) there, Aug. 29, 1813, Priscilla Crafts. † She d. in Manchester, Feb. 4, 1815. Child:
 - Samuel, b. in Manchester, Mass., June 5, 1814.

He m. (2) in Manchester, Sept. 3, 1815, Fanny Allen. d. in Manchester, March 6, 1819. Child:

Henry Allen, b. in Manchester, Mass., June 27, 1816. 14. ii.

He m. (3) in Manchester, Oct. 10, 1819, Nancy (Hassam) Cheever, the widow of his brother Jacob Cheever, and d. in Manchester, Nov. 18, 1860. His widow d, in Manchester, April 5, 1871. Their children, all b. in Manchester, Mass., were:

- ELIZABETH ALLEN, b. Aug. 12, 1820; m. in Boston, Dec. 2, 1851, Elbridge G. Morrison.
 - iv. William Hassam, b. Feb. 10, 1822; d. about 1842, unmarried.

* N. E. Hist. and Gen. Register, xxiv. 414, and xliii, 320.

Notes and Queries concerning the Hassam and Hilton Families. Boston: David Clapp & Son. 1880. Privately printed.

The Hassam Family. Boston: David Clapp & Son. 1896. Privately printed.

† The Crafts Family. Northampton, Mass.: 1893. pp. 438, 439.

‡ Genealogy of the Allen Family. Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. xxiv, 306.

v. PRISCILLA CRAFTS, b. March 21, 1824; m. in Manchester, May 14, 1848, Elhanan W. Hutchins.

vi. Charles Augustus, b. Sept. 5, 1827.

vii. Mary Frances, b. June 12, 1829; d. July 3, 1829.

viii. Mary Frances, b. Sept. 21, 1831.

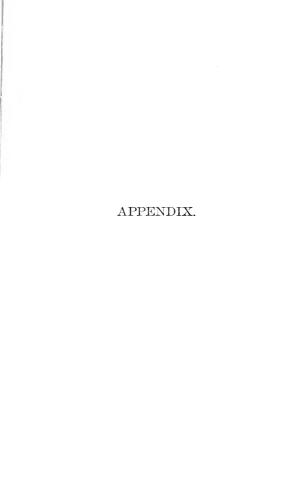
- Johns' Chieferr (Jacobs' Johns' Amess' Samuels' Ezekiel'), mariner; b. in Manchester, Mass., Sept. 1, 1817; m. there, Dec. 25, 1840, Elizabeth F. Tappan, and was lost at sea about Sept. 17, 1843. She d. in Manchester, April 28, 1881.
 - i. John Henry, b. in Manchester, Mass., Sept. 13, 1841.
- JACOB⁶ CHEEVER (Jacob⁵ John, ⁴ Ames, ⁵ Samuel, ⁸ Ezekiel¹), b, in Manchester, Mass., May 6, 1819;; in. at Cape Elizabeth, Mc., Oct. 10, 1813, ⁸ Elizabeth C. Lee, dau. of Richard and Mary Lee, and gr.-dau. of Downing and Eleanor Lee of Cape Elizabeth, Mc., formerly of Manchester, Mass. She d. in Manchester Feb. 3, 1888. Children:
 - i. John Rufus, b. in Portland, Me., May 8, 1846.
 - Ellex L., b. at Cape Elizabeth, June 19, 1848; d. there Sept. 12, 1851.
 - Ella L., b. in Portland, Me., March 4, 1853; m. in Manchester, May 9, 1881, Charles O. Lee.
- 12. Augustus Cheever (Jacob, John, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel), b. in Manchester, Mass., Jan. 19, 1823; m. in Beverly, Nov. 23, 1856, Sarah Ellen Brown, † and d. in Manchester, April 9, 1871. Children:
 - i. Augustus Brown, b. in Manchester, Sept. 2, 1857.
 - Lizzie Ellen, b. in Manchester, Sept. 11, 1859; d. there Dec. 2, 1866.
- Samuel. Cheever (Samuel. Ezekiel. Ames, Samuel. Ezekiel)
 b. in Manchester, Mass., June 5, 1814; m. there Sept. 17, 1840, Susan Hannah Friend, and there d. July 9, 1892.
- 14. Henry A. Cheever (Samuel, Ezekiel, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel'), master mariner; b. in Manchester, Mass., June 27, 1816; m. in Bradford, Mass., Dec. 12, 1839, Frances R. Goodridgeţ of Ipswich, and d. in San Francisco, Cal., Ang. 18, 1873. She d. in San Francisco, Cal., July 11, 1885. Children:
 - ELIZABETH WOOD, b. in Westminster, Vt., Oct. 31, 1840; d. in San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 27, 1880.

^{*}The Town Clerk of Cape Elizabeth informs me that the date of this marriage according to the Town Records is Oct. 9, 1848. The true date, as given by the parties themselves, is Oct. 10, 1842.
*Hist. Coll. Essex Inst. viii. 181.

Goodrich in the Manchester Records.

- ALICE BRADLEY, b. in Bradford, Mass., Sept. 8, 1845; m. in San Francisco, Cal., Feb. 4, 1868, Arthur Wellington Bowman. He d. in Piedmont District, Oakland, Cal., Feb. 22, 1894.
- FANNY ALLEN, b. in Bradford, Mass., June 19, 1850; m. in San Francisco, Cal., Oct. 16, 1873, Horatio Nelson Wright.
- iv. Carrie Butler, b. in San Francisco, Cal., June 28, 1854.
- CHARLES A. CHEEVER (Samuel, Ezekiel, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel), b. in Manchester, Mass., Sept. 5, 1827; m. in Esex, Jan. 17, 1857, Lucy S. Stanwood of Esex, dau. of Ebenezer and Martha Stanwood. She d. in Manchester, May 13, 1875. Children, all b. in Manchester, were:
 - Carrie Stanwood, b. July 30, 1858; m. in Manchester, Oct. 11, 1875, George W. Hooper.
 - Charles Augustus, b. May 7, 1863.
 - Ella Frances, b. June 5, 1869; d. Sept. 17, 1869.
- 16. John Henry' Cheever (John, Jacob, John, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel'), b. in Manehester, Mass., Sept. 13, 1841; m. in Beverly, Dec. 1, 1870, Adelaide Edwards of Beverly, dau. of Israel O. and Cynthia Edwards. Removed to Somerville, Mass. Children, all b. in Manehester:
 - CORA ALICE, b. Nov. 7, 1872; d. Aug. 17, 1873.
 - Lester Tappan, b. Dec. 10, 1874.
 - John Edwards, b. Oct. 26, 1880.
 - iv. Ada Foster, b. July 31, 1882; d. Dec. 26, 1883.
- 17. John Rufus' Cheever (Jacob, Jacob, John, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel'), b. in Portland, Me., May 8, 1846; m. in Boston, June 10, 1859, Helen A. Hill, dau. of Elliot A. and Helen M. Hill. Children, both b. in Manchester:
 - i. Frank Gilman, b. Sept. 27, 1871.
 - Кіснако Lee, b. April 8, 1876.
- 18. Augustus Brown' Cheever (Augustus, Jacob, John, Ames, Samuel, Ezekiel'), b. in Manchester, Mass., Sept. 2, 1857; m. in Beverly, Feb. 29, 1880, Jennie E. Pyne. Removed to Lynn. Children:
 - i. Fannie Almedia, b. in Beverly, June 30, 1881.
 - Lizzie P., b. in Lynn, July 7, 1883.







APPENDIX A.

THE CHEEVER MSS.

EZEKIEL CHEEVER WHITMAN, son of the Rev. Samuel and Grace [Cheever] Whitman, was born in Ashby, Sept. 17, 1783. He had his name changed to Ezekiel Cheever in 1828, died in Williamsburg, Mass., in April, 1862, and was buried in Goshen, Mass., May 1, 1862, where his father had formerly been installed as pastor of the church. He was the author of the following

"Sketches of His Lift; | Accompanied by | Eight Discourses; | Together with | Poetic Epresons, | on various occasions and together with | Poetic Epresons, | on various occasions and together by Ezekiel Cheever. | It seemed good to me—to write—that thou mightest know | the certainty.—Luke's Preface to his Gospel. | Northampton: | John Metcalp ... Printer. | 1855."

It is a 12mo. of 297 pages, the first 110 being an autobiography dated Cummington, Mass., Aug. 10, 1835.

On p. 93 he says:

"In the month of June, 1828, I obtained by a vote of the Legislature, a change of my name from Ezekiel Cheever Whitman to Ezekiel Cheever. In the Autumn following I published with such omissions as I thought to be proper, the discourse that was preached by the Rev. Cotton Mather, D.D., at the funeral of my ancestor [Ezekiel Cheever], who came from London to Boston in 1637, and was seventy years a teacher of the Languages; first at New Haven, Ct., and afterwards at Ipswich, Charlestown and Boston, with a fac-simile of his hand writing copied from his manuscript, from which was published about eight pages, on different subjects written in London; and besides which, there were others written in America, as: Priscianus verberons et vapulants; and a Poem addressed to Queen Anne, with a teveral lines of Greek subjoined to it; which, without doubt, was written at Boston near the close of his life."

Page 95.

"In the Summer of 1830, I left the aforenamed manuscript at the Boston Atheneum, and a copy I transcribed, with Mr. Leverett. A transfer of the manuscript was requested by the Rev. Mr. Felt, of Hamilton in whose care I left in 1831, another manuscript of several hundred pages quarto, by the same author, on the mathematics, and on other discussions. His work on the Millennium published in America, I have never seen; and whether any copies of it are now in heing I am unable to say."

The MS. first above referred to is still in the library of the Boston Athenaum.

A few copies of the article published by me in the New-England Historical and Genealogical Register for April, 1879, (xxxiii., 164) were reprinted in pamphlet form for private distribution. In this pamphlet edition* there was added as an Appendix a complete transcript of this MS. then for the first time printed in full. It is now

reprinted as Appendix C to this paper.

The original is a small book, a little more than three inches wide and four inches long, bound in thick leather covers, containing in all, including fly leaves, one hundred and twenty-four pages. On the first leaf is the date "1631," on the second "Ezekiel Cheeuer his booke," the poems themselves, all in Latin, except the last two in Greek, beginning on the third. The pages are not numbered, but, in the pamphlet edition, in order to facilitate reference to the original, numbers, corresponding with the pages of the MS. as they now are, were added in the margin in brackets, the first page on which the poems begin being numbered page [1*] and so on consecutively. The poems now fill the first forty-seven pages of the MS., but after page [18*] and page [20*] a leaf in each case seems to have been torn out. On nineteen other pages there are entries in short-hand. These were deciphered by William P. Upham, Esq., of Salem, who found them to be texts of Scripture.

In printing this MS no alteration was designedly made in it, Some typographical errors will perhaps escape notice after the most careful proof reading. But no correction of even the most obvious of the many corruptions of the text was attempted, and the orthography and punctuation of the original were carefully retained. The only exceptions to this rule were that the titles of the several poems were printed in capitals instead of small letters; the title "Fabula" on page [14*] and the general title "Carmina" were added; in three cases small letters were made capital letters; in one instance a comma was inserted; and the grave accents over the particles

were generally omitted.

The pages numbered in the pamphlet $[16a^*]$ $[16b^*]$ $[16c^*]$ $[16c^*]$ $[16a^*]$ $[17a^*]$ and $[47a^*]$ are not now to be found in the manuscript in its present condition. Their loss was supplied by, and they were reprinted from, the Rev. Ezekiel Cheever Whitman's abridgment of the Corderius Americanus, above referred to. The abridgment also contained the whole of the poem entitled "Fabula," the greater part of "Christus in Cruce" and "Natalitia Christi

Mundi Redemptoris."

At the top of page [19*] in the MS, the words "See page 50" are written in a modern hand. Page [47*] is marked "Page 50" at the top. The four lines of the Emwijseov at the bottom of the latter page are in the same modern hand, and were probably copied from the page now lost, which preceded page [19*].

In the pamphlet above referred to, I showed conclusively that the epigrams on pages [21*] [42*] [43*] [44*] [45*] and [46*]

^{*} Excited Cheever and Some of his Descendants. By John T. Hassam, A.M. Boston: David Clapp & Son, 1879. Svo, pp. iv. 64. A copy was also placed in the library of the New-England Historic Genealogical Society and in a few other libraries of Boston and vicinity.

are the Epigrams of Martial XI. 56; IX. 92, 91; III. 26, 38, and I. 76, 79, respectively; that the lines on page [41*] are from the Satyricon, Cap. 14 and Fragmenta 44 of Petronius Arbiter; and that the second of the two poems on page [47a*] is ascribed to Posidippus or Plato Comicus in the Anthologia Palatina IX. 359.

Since the pamphlet was printed Professor Henry W. Haynes of Boston has called my attention to the fact that the poems entitled "De Philomela et Fidicine" and "Fabula" on pp. [1*] and [14*] respectively are from the Prolusiones Academice of Famianus Strada and that in the Bodleian Library at Oxford there is a copy of "En Priscianus Verberans et Vapulans" 4to. London 1632, identical with the poem on page [22*] of the pamphlet, the author being mknown.

It is probable that further investigation will determine the ques-

tion of the authorship of others of these poems.

The Rev. Ezekiel Cheever Whitman in his autobiography above referred to states that some of these poems were written in America and cites the "Priscianus Verberans et Vapulans" and "a poem addressed to Queen Anne" which he says "without doubt was written at Boston near the close of his [Ezckiel Checver's] life." But as has already been shown the "Priscianus Verberans et Vapulans" was published in London in 1632, five years before Ezekiel Cheever came to America and before he had even entered the University of Cambridge. There is also a singular confusion of dates in the latter part of this statement. The other poem is not "a poem addressed to Queen Anne" but an Ἐπικήδειον, an elegy, written on the occasion of her death. But Queen Anne, who was proclaimed Queen of England March 8, 1702, died Aug. 1, 1714, nearly six years after the death of Ezekiel Cheever, who died in Boston Aug. 21, 1708. The absurdity of the statement that this poem was without doubt "written at Boston near the close of his life" thus becomes apparent. In point of fact it was written nearly a century before, on the death of another Queen Anne-Anne of Denmark, wife of James I. of England. She died March 2, 1618-19. The reference in the poem to Queen Elizabeth

quæ rerum nuper flectebat habenas,

and to the comet* of 1618 clearly establish this.

Hoccine erat modo quod tantum fulgere Cometam Vidimus, e terris et te poscebat Olympo?

But in 1619, Ezekiel Cheever was a mere child and could not have "lisped in numbers" such as these, however precocious we may admit him to have been.

The lines on page [18*] entitled "In Decimum septimum Diem 9 bris" commemorate the death of "Bloody Mary" who died Nov. 17, 1558.

Sustulit illa trucem, lux ô memoranda, Mariam Semper Evangelicis lux veneranda piis.

The news of her death was received with demonstrations of delight throughout the kingdom. It was looked upon as a national deliverance.

The autobiography published in 1835 and the abridgment of the Corderius Americanus published in 1828 had for a frontispiece a cope plate fac-simile of the "Carmen Genethliacon" and it was said to be a "Fac-Simile of the Manuscript of Ezekiel Cheever Written in London and dated 1631." This frontispiece was photo-electrotyped for the "Cheever Pedigree" compiled by Wm. B. Trask, Esq., in 1878 and the plate so prepared was again used to illustrate the article on "Ezekiel Cheever and Some of his Descendants" before referred to.

The page containing the "Carmen Genethliacon" is wanting in the manuscript to-day, so that we are unable to compare the factorism with the original. But assuming it to be an exact reproduction, it is not a fac-simile of the handwriting of Ezekiel Cheever. In fact, nothing in the whole book, except the autograph on the fly cleat, is in the hand of Ezekiel Cheever. A careful comparison of the manuscript page by page with writings undoubtedly his and signed by him, alton.

Yet the MS, was unquestionably in his possession and has come down to our own day in the hands of his lineal descendants. Where did he obtain it? In this connection the date 1631 on the fly leaf, assuming it to have been written by him, which however is not asserted, becomes significant. In 1631, Ezckiel Cheever was a "Blue Coat Boy" in London. The records of Christ's Hospital, London, show that he was not "preffarred to the Vnincersity of Cambrid" until April 27, 1633. But we know that in 1631, he received a legacy of money and books. The will of the Rev. Ezckiel Culverwell, the Puritan divine and author, probated in London May 9, 1631, "contains the following

"Item to Margaret Chevers, for herself and her son Ezekiell, ten pounds."

The testator further says:

* N.-E. Hist. and Gen. Register, Oct. 1884 (xxxviii. 427); Waters' Genealogical Gleanings in England (i. 87).

"All my Latin books I will to be divided in three parts, equally as may be and then, by lot, to give to Nicholas Piccard one lot, to Josias Wilson another lot, a third lot to Ezekiell Cheuers."

It would seem, on first thoughts, not unreasonable to assume that this MS. volume was one of the books he received under the terms of this will.

But this assumption fails when on referring to the poem "De Gestis, Successibus et Victoriis Regis Suesiæ in Germania," on page $\lceil 16a^* \rceil$ we find:—

Que modo vertentes inhonesto terga pudore Pannouicas vidisti acies, ubi Tillius ingens Tillius Austriaca decus et tutela Viennæ Fugit, et indecores retro convertit habenas:—

Hoc unum est quo dira tui monumenta furoris Gauderet Magdenburgum :—jam Talio sævas Indicit victis per mortem ac vulnera leges, Et vindicta tuis crudella facta reponit.

This fixes beyond doubt the date of this poem. It was written in the latter part of the year 1631. For Magdeburg was taken in May 1631 and the battle of Breitenfeld was fought in September 1631.

The Carmen Genethliacon on page [17a*] commemorates the birth of the Princess Mary, daughter of Charles I. She was born Nov. 6, 1631.

This book therefore could not have belonged to the Rev. Ezekiel Culverwell, who was buried April 14, 1631.

To sum up the case. The authorship of many of these poems is definitely known. Some even are classics. None of them are in Ezekiel Cheever's handwriting and the possibility that he could have written any of those the authorship of which is unknown, or rather as yet unascertained, is extremely slight.

The other manuscript referred to by the Rev. Ezekiel Cheever Whitman in his autobiography (vide supra) was given by John Cheever of Manchester to him in 1831. He gave it to the Rev. Joseph B. Felt, by whom it was presented to the Massachusetts Historical Society and it is now in the library of that Society.

It is a small quarto containing in its present condition 402 pages. It begins abruptly on page 13. The first twelve pages are wanting. Eight other pages have been torn out. Pages 13 to 43, inclusive, are numbered in a hand contemporaneous with the writing of the text. Pages 44 to 105, inclusive, are numbered in a modern hand. The other pages are not numbered. It consists of the following "Disputationes" in Latin prose.

Caput 2d. Aniem sit finis et bon. et a da agant pler finem. Caput 3d. N. detur finis simpfr ultimus et unicus. Caput 4t. Quomodo caus. 2 da intendant finem ultim. Cap. 5d. Ostenditur in quo cosistat fælicitas Objectiva. Caput 6t. De fælicitate forfi. Caput 7t. Ostenditur in quo acti anime ranfis cosistat fælicitas formalis. Caput 8. Solvuntur nonullæ obtjones. Caput 9. An sit aliqua fælicitas supernaarli in hac Vita et in quo actu cosistat. Cap. 10. De naarli hois fælicitate.

Problema 25.

Disputatio 2da. De actibus humanis.

Cap. 1. De quibusdam ignorantiæ distinctionib^m. Cap. 2d^m. Quid sit Voluntari^m et quotuplex. Caput 3^m. Quænam ignorantia causet actionem involuntariam. Caput 4t^m. An quæ fiunt ex metu ira et concupiscentia sint voluntaria.

Problema 26.

Disputatio 3ia. De Passionibus animi.

Cap. 1. Cap. 2d¹ⁿ. Præmittuntur nonnulla de anima raafi ejusq, sede in corpore. Cap. 3ⁿ. De ordine et numero Passion¹ⁿ. Cap. 4tⁿ. De passionibus simplicibus. Caput 5tⁿ. De reliquis passionibus.

Problema 27.

Disputatio 4t^a. De actibus humanis quæ circa medium et finem versantur.

Cap. 1. De cognône requisita ad intentionem finis. Cap. 2d^m. De Consultâue et deliberâne. Cap. 3. De libero arbitrio.

Problema 28.

Disputatio 5ta. De Virtutibus moralibus.

Cap. 1. Quid sit Virtus. Cap. 2d^m. De causis virtut^m morali^m. Caput 3^{tium}. De causa morfi sive subjectiva virtutum morali^m.

Caput 3^m. Actus extrus et intrinsecus comparantur inter se. Cap. 4. N^m idem actus potest è bonus et mallus. Item n^m dentur actus indifferentes. Caput 5. Quanam sit regula action^m humanar^m. Cap. De formali peccati commissionis [sic]. Appendix. De omissione pura libera. Problema ultim^m.

Summa cap. 6. Summa cap. 7. Summa cap. 8. Summa cap. 9. Sum-

ma cap. 10.

Disputationes in physicam generale. Proœmi^m.

Disputatio 1º. De principijs corporis narlis.

Cap. 1^m. An Principia intrinece corporis narlis.

Que nee ex se invicem neq ex alijs sed ex ipsis omnia. Caput 2^{olm}, Vtr^m
1º côtraria sint 1º principia. Caput 3^{olm}. De numero prijbior^m ver^m parli^m.

Caput 4.0 stenditur dari mām 1º m. Caput 5^{olm}. Utr^m pôtia māca ad illius effiam spectet. Caput 6^{olm}. An māa 1º sit pura potia. Caput 7. An māa possit éê absq 61 forma substiali. Caput 8^{olm}. Quomodo māa se habeat ad formas accidentales. Cap. 9. De appetitu māce et quilusdama alijs ad ejus nāsam spectantibus. Caput 10. An dentur formas substiales. et quid sint. Caput 11. De origine et productione formar^m. Caput 12. De Frivatione. Summa capitis libri 2di Physicor^m. Summa cap. 1. Summa cap. 2. cap. 3 summa. Summa cap. 4, 5, 6. Summa cap. 7. Summa cap. 8. Summa cap. 9.

Disputâ 2da. De nâa et composito substiali. Cap. 1. Quid sit natura. Caput 2d^m Quibusnam côveniat râ naæ. Cap. 3. De nâa et Arte. Caput 4t^m. De unione inter mâam et formam. Caput 5t^m. X^m tot^m Physic^m includat essensiali^m materiam. Disputatio 3a. de causis.

Cap. 1. Quid sit causa. Caput 2d^m. Quotuplex sit causa. Cap. 3. De nonunllis alijs ad câam in c6j spectantibus. Caput 4^{lm}. Cause comparantur inter se et cum suis effectibus. Caput 5. De causa efficiente. Caput 6. De quibusdam divisionibus cause efficientis. Caput 7. De causalitatibus cause primae. Cap. 8. De concursu et prædeterminâne Physica. Caput 9. De causa finali.

Caput 2. De unitate specifica et numerica motus. Caput 3^m. De motu reflexo. Caput 4. De motu gravi^m descendenti^m et lævi^m ascendenti^m. Caput 5. Ostenditur causa eur motus gravi^m descendenti^m sit velocior et reale habeat movement^m Velocitis qô proprius ad terram gravia accedant. Caput 6. Quænam sit proportio et ratio juxta quam fiat movement^m velocitis in motibus gravi^m descendenti^m. Cap. 7. Ostenditur causa cur promoveantur proijectilia. Caput 8^m. Ægrægi^m nåæ Phænominon explicatur ejusq. cân redditur.

Disputatio 5ta. De Continuo.

Cap. 1. Explicatur sentia Zenonis. Cap. 2^{thu}. Ostenditur Sentia Arlis et difficultes. Caput 3. Alia de bae re sentia explicantur.

Disputatio sexta. De infinito.

Cap. 1. Quid sit infinit^{im} et an dari possit naturali^m. Caput 2d^m. An dari possit actu infinit^{im} absq. contradictione. Cap. 3. Solvuntur argumenta.

Disputatio septima. De loco et vacuo.

Cap. 1. Quid sit locus. Cap. 2^{4m}. Explicatur Senfia Veter^m de nâa Loci. Cap. 3. Proponuntur qstiones nonnullæ de Loco in ordine ad Locat^m. Cap. 4^{4m}. An detur Vacuum. Caput 5. Refelluntur argfa qæ adferuntur ad proband^m ö dari vacu^m. Caput 6. An motus possit fieri in Vacuo.

Disputatio 8^m. De tempore.

Cap. 1. Quid sit tempus. Cap. 2. De inceptione et desitione ver^m.

Disputationes in physicam specialem. Præfatiuncla in quatuor Libros de cælo.

Disputatio prima. De mundo.

Cap. 1. Quædam de mundi perfectione. Caput 2d^m. De mundi æternitate.

Disputatio secunda. De Cœlo.

Cap. 1. Proponuntur et resolvuntur q
știones nonnulle de nân Cœli. Caput 2d. De influxu corpor celesti
m în hæc inferiora. Caput terti
n. De quibusdam affectionibus qæ cele côveniunt.

Tractatus astronomicus. Procemium.

Cap. 1^m. De toto mundo in Coî. Cap. 2. De mundi Loco. Cap. 3. De nundi motu. Caput 4t^m. De mundi figura. Caput 5tm. De mundi quitiste et magnitudine. Caput 6. De mundi Lumine et umbra. Cap. 7. De numero arclunar^m qæ tot^m cocl^m implerent.

Cap. 3. De Loco lunæ. Cap. 4. De Lunæ motu. Cap. 5. De Lunæ illumingne. Cap. 6. De Lunæ maculis cjusq, ecclypsibus. Caput 7. De solis magnitudiue. Caput 8. De solis motibus. Caput 9. De solis eclypsibus.

Tractatus ultimus. De reliquis minoribus planetis et stellis fixis. Cap. 1. De Saturno, jove, et marte. Caput Secund^m. De firmamento et stellis fixis. Appendix. De Cometis.

Præfatiuncula in libros. De Generatione et corruptione.

Disputatio 3^a. In phyâm spealem de generane et alter ne. Cap. 1. Quid sit Generatio. Caput 2. An fiat resolutio ad mâam primam usqe. Caput 3. De alteratione. Cap. 4t^m. Qua ratione fiat intensio qualitat^m.

Disputatio 4ta. De quibusdam requisitis ad agend.

Cap. 1. N^m simile potest agere in simile. Cap. 2. Proponuntur nonnullæ quæstiones necessariæ.

Disputatio 5^{ta}. De Elementis.

Cap. 1. Quid sit element". Cap. 2". De na
â elementari qualitati. Caput 3. De mistione et mistili.

Disputatio sexta. In libros de anima.

Caput 1⁻¹. Ostenditur quid sit anima. Caput 2. Quomodo dividatur anima. Caput terti⁻. An anima sit divisiblis. Caput 4⁻. Quenam ptes corporis habeant animam. Caput 5. Quomodo distatur âa a suis potentijs.

Disputatio 7. De anima vegitativa.

Cap. 1. De ejus existia et naâ. Caput 2. Quid sit potentia nutritiva et quid sit nutritio. Caput 3. De accretione.

Disputatio 8. De anima sensitiva.

Cap. 1. Quid sit anima sensitiva. Caput 2d°. De existia specier°. sensibili°.

Disputatio 9. De sensibus externis.

Cap. 1. De Visu.

These "Disputationes" are in different hands, but none of them are in the handwriting of Ezekiel Cheever. Several of them bear dates e. g. May 9, 1664, May 18, 1664, May 26, 1664, June 1, 1664, and Feb. 21, 1665, in a contemporary hand. The date May 20, 1664, in Disputatio Tertia, Cap. 1. is in a modern hand.

Problema ultimum on the one hundred and fifty-sixth page is signed Henry Millar. This may serve as a clue for further investigations. This problem and several others are illustrated by dia-

grams.

APPENDIX B.

Letters of Ezekiel Cheever to his son the Rev. Samuel Cheever.

In the article entitled Ezekiel Cheever and Some of His Descendants, I printed a fragment of a letter from Ezekiel Cheever to his son, the Rev. Samuel Cheever, minister at Marblehead, in the hope that it might lead to the recovery of the whole letter, I had made, both before and after the printing of that fragment, unsuccessful efforts to discover the original, and having without avail fairly exhausted every source of information known to me, had begun to fear that it was hopelessly lost, when at the sale in 1891 of autograph letters and historical documents collected by the late Professor E. H. Leffingwell, of New Haven, Conn., the city of Boston* purchased certain documents, and among them the original letter. It is now for the first time printed in full.

Bostonij Nov. 24.º hora 10a, vesp.

Chare fili.

Accepi ab hospite epistolium tuum 24° Nov. post festum, ex quo priores firas te salutâsse literas, intercidentibus nullis, cognosco. Optatum iter horâ institutâ perfeci. Cant. ad patrem profectus sum. Quem verò à fronte quærcbam, a tergo Bostonij inscius reliqui. Ne tamen iter ex tota infelix et invitum esset, visum est negotium cum matre comunicare; quam etiam si rem totam celâssem, subverebar ne ipsam alienā et minus amicam Ex colloquio intellexi duos prius tibi significatos virginem petijsse, quorū neutr. vel addicta, vel facilis ĕe videtur. Ista objecit in illis, uno saltem, que in te non competunt. Mater nihil impedimenti prestruxit, sed viā apertam, et aditum liberum ut sperem, induxit. Totum tamen negotium marito et filiæ comittendum censuit. Valedicens tandem domum redeo. In reditu ecce, obviam venit quem quærebam, ffelix interpretabar auspicium occursum ejus. Virum aggressus sum, comiter salutavi, paucis itineris causam dixi, et quicquid in rem visum est, de fortunis tuis narro, interna aliorum judicio et testimonio mandans. Amice me tractavit vir prudens vultu et voce. Ne verbum quidem alienum et adversum. Sed totum consilium ad filiæ sententiam referebat. Hoc tamen mihi exoranti concessit, ut ipse Bost. revertens (quod fore sub mediam septimanam credebat) me domi meze conveniret, et de toto negotio certiorem faceret. Ex quo ipsum non vidi, nec quiequā audivi: sed in horas singulas expecto. Quid quæris? Si me audis, quæ apparent invitare videntur omnia. Successus est penes Deum. Prudens futuri temporis exitum caliginosa nocte premit deus. Qui jubet, et melius, quam tu tibi, consulat, opto. Si quid înterea clarius eluxerit, modo nuncius contingat, tibi præmittam. Hæc cænatus et dormitans scripsi. Vale.

Nos adventū tuū maturum et jucundū expectamus. Tui studiosissi: pater Ez: Cheever.

City Document, 8-1891.

Although the year is not stated, it must have been 1670, for the letter was written on Thanksgiving Day (post festum) and the General Court* appointed the 24th of November in that year a day of Thanksgiving. And this was the only year, with a single exception, during the Colonial period, when Thanksgiving did fall on that day of the month.

That the journey of the father from Boston to Cambridge to negotiate a marriage for his son was not unsuccessful, appears from the fact that in the following June the latter married Ruth Angier,

daughter of Edmund Angier of Cambridge.

The original letter is still in a good state of preservation, as appears from the accompanying heliotype copy. But Mr. Fowle is mistaken in saying that it was written in red ink. The ink is black. The letter fills the first page of a full sheet of paper. On the third page, in a modern hand, is the following in red ink, which probably caused Mr. Fowle's error:

This Letter from the kind leave of Isaac Mansfield Esqr indulged the Subscriber returned to the Owner.

And on the fourth page in black ink:

Lent to Brother Bentley July 1818.

The second page and part of the third are covered, as Mr. Fowle says, with a draft of a will of William Beal, senr. It was not uncommon for our frugal ancestors, in days when paper was scarce, to utilize in this way fly leaves in books, blank pages and backs of letters or anything else that could be written upon.

But there is another letter, still earlier in date, belonging to the correspondence on this interesting subject. It is dated Charles-

town, Dec. 31st, 1669, and is as follows:

Dulce caput.

Reddike mihi sunt pridie que ad me dedisti hospiti literæ, ex quibus judicium et consilium tuum facilè perspexi, nec contemnendum esse puto. Hiberna itinera sunt semper injucunda, plerumq autem gravia, et molesta, viatori pracipie molli et inexperto. In maguis negotijs salubris est cautela, mora tamen periculosa, sexpe lethalis. Cavendum est, ne præda, quam secteris, in alienos incidat casses. Num virgo sic procorum expers, et nulli ohnoxia, me quidem præterit. Nec res est tuli indagini matura. Hoc unicum accepi. Multi illam petiëre, illa aversata petentes. Causam vero repudij proraus ignoro. Prior morum et virtutis fama novis ornatur testimonijs, et receptæ fidei authoribus. Landum tumen splendor hâc nubeculă esses videtur. Quod vitium fallit specie virtutis et umbra. D'Hañond inter sermones de te, et tuo conjugio ortos, quos cum hospite vestra apud se pernoctante habuit, ex conjectură temerê affirmavit, te domi, non foras sponsam reperturum. Quod dictum vestra silentio excepit. Nihil præter auditum habos, sed ibse vir, audiente uxore, hane fabbulam recitavit. Divino

^{*} Mass. Coll. Rec. iv. Part II. 464.

ijs, inhære, et ad opoccurrit. Tui omnes sus. Vale. tissimus Pater

Ez: Cheever.
in equo transcuntem,
putavi n. ipsā Bost:
re condelis condendis
io idonea.

head.

ted Nov. 6, [1809], d, a deseendant of D., of Boston. It other, Dr. Ephraim Rev. Dr. Jenks, by storical Society, and

For n

Thefo For M^rSamuel Chieber

Marble H.

31

consilio te totum trade, et cœlestis providentiæ vestigijs, inhære, et ad optatum exitum pervenies. Nihil aliud, quod scribam, occurrit. Tui omnes valent, et te ex animo salutant. Plura coram, ct otiosus. Vale.

Dat: Dec: ultimo. 69. Tui amantissimus Pater

Carolotonia.

Ez: Cheever.

Hospiti tuz me omnino excusată habe, quod illă in equo transeuntem, et me comiter appellante, in zdes ne quidem invitavi, putavi n. ipsă Bost: euntem ne descensură, instante nocte, et reverâ uxore condelis condendis occupata, nec ipsa erat visu facilis, nec domus hospitio idonea.

These

For his dear son Samuel Cheever at

Marblehead.

This original letter was enclosed in a letter dated Nov. 6, [1809], from the Rev. Isaac Mansfield of Marblehead, a descendant of Ezekiel Cheever, to the Rev. John Eliot, D.D., of Boston. It was found after the death of the latter by his brother, Dr. Ephraim Eliot of Boston, who sent it, in 1826, to the Rev. Dr. Jenks, by whom it was presented to the Massachusetts Historical Society, and it is now in the library of that Society.



APPENDIX C.

CARMINA.

DE PHILOMELA, ET FIDICINE.

Iam sol a medio pronus deflexerat orbe

[1*]

Mitius, et radiis vibrans crinalibus ignem Cum fidicen propius Thamesina fluenta sonanti Lenibat plectro curas, æstumque levabat Ilice defensus nigra, scenaque virenti; Audiit hunc hospes sylvæ Philomela propinquæ Musa loci, nemoris Syren, innoxia Syren, Et prope succedens stetit abdita frondibus, alte Accipiens sonitum, secumque remurmurat, et quos Ille modos variat digitis, hæc gutture reddit, Sensit se fidicen Philomelà imitante referre. Et placuit volucri ludum dare, plenius ergo Explorat cytheram, tentamentumque futuræ Præbeat et pugnæ, percurrit protinus omnes Impulsu pernice fides, nec segnius illa Mille per excurrens variæ discrimina vocis Venturi specimen præfert argutula cantus. Tum fidicen per fila movens trepidantia dextram Nunc contemnenti similis diverberat vngue, Depectitque pari chordas, et simplice ductu Nunc carntim replicas, digitiso, minantibus vrget Fila minutatim, celerique repercutit ictu, Nox silet, illa modis totidem respondit, et artem Arte refert, nunc seu rudis aut incerta canendi. Project in longum nulloque plicatile flexu Carmen init, simili serie jugulique tenore Præbet iter liquidum labenti e pectore voci. Nunc ærim variat, modulisque canora minutis Delibrat vocem, tremuloque reciprocat ore. Miratur fidicen parvis e faucibus ire Tam varium tam dulce melos, majoraque tentans Alternat mirà arte fides, dum torquet acutas. Inciditque graves, operoso verbere pulsat Permiscetque modis certantia rauca sonoris, Seu resides in bella viros clangore lacessat. Hoc etiam Philomela canit, dumque ore liquenti Vibrat acuta sonum, modulisque interplicat æquis, Ex inopinato gravis intonat, et leve murmur

[2*]

[3*]

Turbinat intus agens, alternantique sonore Clarat, et infuscat seu Martia classica pulset. Scilicet erubuit fidicen, irâque calente, Aut non hoc (inquit) referes citheristria sylvæ, Aut fracta cedam cithera, nec plura loquutus, Non imitabilibus plectrum concentibus vrget, Namque manu per fila volat, simul hos simul illos Explorat numeros, chordâque laborat in omni. Et strepit et tinnit crescitque superbius, et se Multiplicat religens, plenoque choreumate plaudit. Tum stetit expectans, si quid paret æmula contra. Illa autem quanquam vox dudum exercita fauces Asperat impatiens vinci tune advocat omnes Nequicquam vires, nam dum discrimina tanta Reddere tot fidium nativa simplice tentat Voce, canaliculisque imitari grandia parvis, Impar magnanimis ausis, imparque dolori Deficit, et vitam Victoris cadit in plectrum, par nacta sepulchrum.

NATALITIA CHRISTI MUNDI REDEMPTORIS.

[4*]

Ecce iterum medio glacialis frigore brumæ, Christe puer tenerà virgine natus ades. En iterum tua festa novo celebrauda sub anno Ducis, et ad cunas quemque venire jubes. Te video divine puer, dulcissime Jesu. Edite cælesti de genitore deus, Te video, cunasque tuas, suavissime Christe, Edite mortali de genetrice puer. Ecce jaces laceris (puer optatissime) cunis Ponis et in duro membra tenella toro. Et te casta sinu recubantem mater amœno Molliter amplexu brachiolisque fovet. En fovet ipse senex Josephus, et aspera brumæ Frigora sollicitus quâ licet arte fugat. Adsum sancte puer cupidisque amplexibus vltro Brachia in adventum tendo parata tuum. Ad tua prostratus genibus cunabula flexis Parva tibi grato pectore dona fero,

Carmine solenni meritas dum pangere laudes Conor, et argutà fundere voce melos. En tibi pervigilem (Jesu mitissime) noctem, Primula quae cunis fulsit aborta tuis. [5*]

[6*]

[7*T

Pervigili meditor studio celebrare, canentem Tu modo si dextro (summe) favore juues. O ades atque juua placidus tu suggere blandos Vere pater vatum, maxime Phœbe, modos. Tu vivis anima numeris mea carmina, da tu In certos veniant libera verba pedes. Sic te digna canam dulci præconia versu Sic fluet ingenij limpida vena mei Ergo soporiferis nox ô pulcherrima bigis Scande modo aurati templa serena poli, Fundito jucundas terris optantibus umbras. Et renova tenebris gaudia nostra tuis. Gaudia quæ quondam toti lætissima mundo. Prima dabas summi nuncia prima boni: Cum puer e gravidâ matris foret editus alvo Vuica spes hominum Christus et vna salus, Diffugiant nigræ toto procul æthere nubes, Purior et cunctis rideat aura locis. Flabra premat Boreas et durum sæva rigorem Cum nive, cum rigido frigore pouat hyems. Sydera quæ variis distinguunt æthera gemmis Lumine jam solito splendidiore micent. Virgo gerens tumidum cælesti numine ventrem Nescia mortalis virgo pudica viri. Illa dei sobolem mixtu paritura beato. Ponere maturum dum meditatur onus Dum gelido vigilans miseri sub culminis antro Expectat cæli subvenientis opem, Interea celeres properans absolvere cursus. Ingreditur mediam nox tenebrosa viam. Vndique jam dulcis placido mortalia somno Corpora mulcebat fessa labore quies: Quæsitumque inter nemorum fruticeta soporem Præbebant tacitis abdita lustra feris, Jam genus alituum muta sub fronde quiescens. Nulla repercussă carmina voce dabat. Alta per et sylvas rigidosque silentia montes Nec strepitus campis nec sonus ullus erat. Spirabant tenues minimo cum murmure venti, Mitior et vacuis aura silebat agris. Quique ferox pontus furioso tunditur Euro Leniter in stratas currere cæpit aquas. Quinetiam magno subterlabentia muudo Volvuntur tacitis sydera cuncta viis. Usque adco tranquilla silent dominoque ministrant Singula, sic justo cuneta tremore pavent.

Miranturque novi mysteria maxima partus

Dum deus humano corpore risit humum. Virgo sed en vtero media inter vota soluto Salvifico mundo molliter edit onus, Fas tua supplicibus sterni ad præsepia votis, F8*1 Fas dare sit sanctis oscula casta genis. Vertite cælestis cunabula vertite prolis Nobilius quo nil prosperiusque nihil. Edit onus virgo, nec jam mora, conscius æther Signa dat, et summa protinus arce tonat, Plaudit Io cælum, clangoribus insonat orbis Omnis Io, plausu terra sonante salit. Exultant vallesque cavæ, collesq supini, Sylvaque frondentes concutit alta comas. Vertite cælestis cunabula vertite prolis Nobilius quâ nil prosperiusque nihil. Flumina conversos stupefacto gurgite cursus Sistunt, et trepidans lenius vnda fluit. Plaudit avis penna, viridisque per avia sylvæ Insolitum suavi concinit ore melos. Omnia lætantur, ridet liquidissima mundi Forma, nitent agri, prata serena micant. Aurca lux totà radiis fulgentibus æthrå [9*] Surgit et ardentes spargit vbique faces: Exultant hyades rutilæ, sua plaustra bootes Aurea, et auratos conspicit ire boves: Tum primum Erigone miseri post fata parentis, Visa fuit gemitus deposuisse suos: Ipse quoque arridens jam non crudelis Orion Mite cruentato liberat ense latus. Vertite cælestis cunabula, vertite prolis Quam mare sydereæ quam tremit aula domus, Parva loquor, forte et pastores montibus illis Servabant clausos septa per arcta greges: His niveus summo veniens adsistit Olympo Angelus et trepidis nuncia læta refert; Ite viri, superâ vobis saluator ab arce Natus in humanâ carne videndus, adest. Pergite Davidicæ propere sub mœnia. Bethles. Et date mox regi munera astra novo. Dixerat, hi properant, fugit ille ad culmina cæli [10*] Ambrosioque omnem spargit odore locum. Extemplo magnum visi per inane volatus, Et simul Augelici densa caterva chori: Fit plausus, reboat lætis discursibus ær, Ictaque jucundis perstrepat aura sonis. Vnus erat cantus, sit gloria summa tonanti

Pace novâ tellus, pace triumphet homo:

[11*]

Responsant nemora, et montes, campique jacentes, Vnanimi plaudunt per loca cuncta sono. Vertite cælestis cunabula, vertite prolis Quem mare, quem sume non capit aula domus Hæc inter studia, et magni solennia mundi Gaudia, nox cursus finit abacta suos: Nox quâ nec superis, nec quâ mortalibus vnquam Lætior, aut mundo gratior vlla fuit. Hæc nox illa fuit, multos quæ festa per annos Semper erit puris concelebranda sacris. Hæc desiderio patrum exoptata piorum Hæc spes sollicitis vatibus vna fuit. Hæc illa est primis promissa parentibus, orbem Vix vbi condiderat dextera magna dei: Scilicet ex castâ quâ virgine surgerat heros Et deus, et vero corpore natus homo: Inclyta nox salve, nox optatissima salve, O nox ante omnes nobilitata dies. Tu mundi solem generas, radiisque serenis Perpetuæ monstras dulce salutis iter. Tu miros adeo partus, tu primula sentis Vagitus, tenero quos dedit ore puer. Ille en mortales deus immortalis in auras. Prodit, et humani corporis ossa gerit. Salve iterum nox chara deo, nox prospera mundo, Nox omni potior, nobiliorque die.

CHRISTUS IN CRUCE.

Vertite cælestis pueri cunabula, cujus Laus et honos vllum nescit habere modum.

[12*]

Verbera, quas vultu cernis et ore notas:
Aspice quanta manu sævå mihi livida dantur
Figunturque meis vulnera quanta genis.
Cur eadem paterer nulla est mea culpa, nec vlla
Causa, nisi vt nostrå sanus homo esset ope.
Languores ego nempe tuos, tua crimina gessi,
Et sudore meo corpora sicca tenes.
Cum male tractarer linguam, simul ora retenta
Continui, tacitus verbera dira ferens:
Vt solet agnellus coram tondente silebam
Et quasi quæ ducta est ad loca mortis ovis.
Non satis ex limo quod te produximus olim

Respice quæ tulerim pro te (mi chare viator)

Ferimus esse aliquid cum nihil ante fores. Et tibi contulimus partem deitatis habendam Inque voluptatis jussimus esse loco. Te mihi fructiferam vitam plantare junabit

Te mihi fructiferam vitam plantare junabit Tu tamen ingratus reddis amara mihi. Siccine pro meritis tantis tormenta rependis,

Dasque creatori vulnera probra, crucem? En meus ille sacer vultus deitatis imago Spiritibus superis gaudia summa ferens,

Illa inquam facies, in qua sit gloria celi In qua majestas cernitur atque nitor, Turpiter adsputa est mucosis plena salivis Squalet, et a pugnis aspice cæsa tumet.

Præla ego calcavi solus, cruor vndique fluxus, Nec pars illæsa est corporis vlla mei.

Comoveat te noster amor, namque arce paternâ Lapsus amore tui tristia cuncta tuli Atque libens quid enim potuit me cogere, cujus Vis est omnipotens, quid? nisi verus amor.

Ergo tuum cor redde mili, cui pectus apertum Extensis manibus brachia tensa dedi. Disce meo exemplo patienter ferre dolores Et dare in adversis pectora tota deo.

Nemo coronatur nisi quem patientia laudat, Ergo boni pugnans militis instar age. [13*]

[14*]

FABULA.

Forte mihi puero putei super ore sedenti Annulus exciderat, nec erat spes ulla legendi. Cum pater e filo lapidem demittit in vndas Prædatorem auri: subitoque excitus ab imo Annulus occurrit fundo, lapidique cohærens Tanquam hamo piscis, summas effertur in auras. Talia mirantem Pater occupat. Accipe causam Nate, ait, et lapidem (non longa est fabula) nosce. Deucalion et Pyrrha (genus mortale duobus In quibus omne fuit quondam et duo turba fuerunt) Vt reparent populos, sua post vestigia jussos Projiciunt lapides: lapides seu semina frugum Mollescunt, inque ossa virûm mutantur et ora Quanquam homines aliqui nondum digesta videntur [15*] Effigies et adhuc retinent de marmore multum, Duritiaque docent, quâ sint ab origine nati.

Jam nova crescebat soboles, et cura trahebat In diversa animos; nam prout cecidêre per vadas Aut per agros lapides, aut per spelæa ferarum, Aut propter montes ferrique aurique feraces; Sic genium traxêre loci, venatibus ille Indulget, terram colit hic, illi æquora sulcant, Hi ferri venas, aurumque per omnia quærunt, Et sceleris quærunt mortisque per omnia causas. Tunc vero hæc oculis invitamenta malorum Abduxit Natura parens, et in intima terræ Viscera contraxit, Manesque removit ad imos. Sed tamen huc quoque descendit furiosa cupido Abdita rimatur, terramque eviscerat omnem, Scilicet indignata homini Natura. Quis vltra Finis erit? dixit, tellus exhausta metallis [16*] Ante gemit, quam dira fames saturata quiescat. Dum loquitur mentem magnetia vertit in aura Et puduit vertisse: videt molimine longo Instantes operi, defossique vltima mundi Scrutantes arcana, et opes (sua damna) petentes: O prona in terram clamat perituraque turba, Quodque sibi fodit prope Tartara, digna sepulchro. Dixit, et irato tremefecit numine terram, Oppressitque viros, et glebæ immiscuit artus; Quam male tractabat per aperta pericula glebam. Quin flamma e Stygiis (ut erat vicina) cavernis Illam memborum terræque sine ordine massam Fumida corripuit, coctamque in saxa coegit: Vnde color, species et adhuc semiusta remansit. Nec tantum color, at vivos quæ torserat olim Magnetes, etiam lapides sensuque carentes Tangit avaritia: vtoue aurum, ferrumo legentes Oppressit fatum, sic ipsa cadavera prædam Quæque suam agnoscunt, geminaque cupidine fervent, [16a*] Et trahit hic ferrum magnes, illa attrahit aurum. Tunc ego ad hæc patris ridens miracula, sane Quam metuo dixi, quando aurum poscimus omnes, Ne genus humanum saxa in magnetia migret. —Sic me fabellis pater oblectare solebat.

DE GESTIS, SUCCESSIBUS ET VICTORIIS REGIS SUESLÆ IN GERMANIA.

EIIJN1KION

AD CAROLUM REGEM.

Arma prius eeceni cum panderet inclyta portas Sylva ducis Batavis, in Teutonas arma supersunt: Quæ mea Caliope pangat, quæ numine fretus Suecus in Albanis vibrans fæliciter arvis Ista legat Carolus, Carolo neque gratior ulla est Quam sibi quæ Sueci pretexit næzina nomen.

Visa diu lapsis felix Germania seclis

Artibus, iugeniisque, et festa pace virebat, Fudit opes, frugesque immenso copia cornu. Dulciaque innocuæ peragebant otia gentes. Hoc dea prodigiis immanior omnibus ATE Vidit et invidit, sed non diuturna futura est Copia, et unanimes ditans concordia cives, Dixit, et implicitos canis arrecta colubros Incesta Austriacæ gentis de stirpe creati Ferdinandi furias, atque impia pectora feedis. Concitat illecebris, stimulis quem ingentibus urget Sanguinis alta sitis, dominandi et cæca libido, Non ita cum celeres perflant incendia venti Sævit in ambustos exultans flamma penates: Nec tantum quoties vitiata Syrius aura Æstuat atra lues vicos populatur et urbes Ferdinandi quantum rabics immane per orbem Teutonicum grassata furit, quem nulla coercet Relligio, summis auditaque fœdera cœlis, Ille sed ut valeat propriis emergere regnis Et scelere imperii latos extendere fines. In patriæ strictos acuit crudeliter enses Viscera quaque ruunt funesto mœnia bello Justitia et nudis libertas exulat agris. —Quid memorem cædes effera facta tyranni Sparsaque purpureis millena cadavera campis Dira Palatinus testatur prælia Rhenus, Danubiique, Albisque fluentes sanguine rivi?

Ista tuens occulis NEMESIS Rhamnusia justis
Cur ita leuta mea est, inquit, manus? ergone semper
Impunice Austriacus Germanas proteret herbas?
Da pater, hoe Suecis aboleri dedecus armis,
Si populo curas inimicam avertere pestem,
Suscitat extemplo laudisque accendit amore,
Ingentes Gustavi animos, qui fulminis instar
Emicat, ac pulsos reficit justissimus ultor,

Γ16**6***}

[16c*]

Qualis Alexandri Persis sat cognita virtus. Seras et Æoum gladio demessuit orbem: Qualis et Æmathio conspectus in agmine Cæsar Perculit adversas gelida formidine turmas: Talis belligeri proles invicta Gradivi Succus adest, tantumque furens trahit ille timoris. Nam quacunque minax paribus se ostendit in armis Induperatrices plandenda strage catervas Obtruucat sternitque ferox, tu Lipsia testis Que modo vertentes inhonesto terga pudore Pannonicas vidisti acies, ubi Tillius ingens Tillius Austriacæ decus et tutela Viennæ Fugit, et indecores retro convertit habenas:-Num tua in hunc, Tilli, fuerat servata dolorem Canities, tristis Ferdinando ut nuncius iret Tilliacam cecidisse manum, dum victor Adolphus Gliscit, et inferias sub Tartara mœnia mittit. Hoc unum est quo dira tui monumenta furoris Gauderet Magdenburgum :- jam Talio sævas Indicit victis per mortem ac vulnera leges. Et vindicta tuis crudelia facta reponit.

Nunc agite, et festas læti celebrate choræas Papicolæ, ac triviis Bacchantes orgia circum, Sanctorum effigies rapidis absumite flammis— Sed timor est forsan ne detonet arduus æther, Atque sacer vestris colluceat ignibus ignis;— Sed regina deest Poloni charissima conjux.

Tu quoque calvitiem triplici redimite corona Anti-Christe pater scelerum, fraudisque reperter, Nunc iu Evangelicos diras ac fulmina mitte Bruta, tuos præter nulli nocitura maniplos. Tu vero qui tela Dei, qui sacra Tonantis Bella geris, spes Catholicæ certissima turbæ, Terror, et Austriacæ mastix sævissima gentis. Macte animis, Gustave heros, tibi militat æther Desuper, ecce tibi stellarum exercitus omnis Ordine bella gerit, tibi nostri gloria sæcli Suppetias mittit Carolus, tibi belliger Anglus, Anglus Hamiltoni claro sub nomine tutus Bavaricas confringet opes, tibi Baltica primas Numiue propitio dederat Pomerania sedes: Agnoscant socii tua quid prudentia possit Saxones, atque tuas novit Silesia vires. Perge armis, et perge this successibus opto, Rex invicte, et si Jesuitica Pharmaca vites, Sæpe tibi nectet victoria læta corollas Donec ad Æoum tua dextera fulminet Istrum.

[16d*]

[17*]

Hanc hederam interea si fors tna tempora circum Inter victrices patiaris serpere lauros, Me satis est occinisse tue præconia laudis, Inse sed in patrià remanebo inglorius vrbe.

MARLÆ AUGUSTISSIMI REGIS CAROLI FILLÆ [17*a] CARMEN GENETHLIACON.

Ergone lascivit sulcantibus obsita rugis Et ludit Natura parens? num publica Matris Nondum fessa manus? miserandas prodiga terras Ditavit geminâ rugosa propagine dextra. Nunc agat, a nostro Boreali limite Phœbus Ignipedes deflectat equos, sine lumine noctes Dupticet—Occiduum lustrant nova sydera mundum— Tarda nimis solitos peragebat Cynthia menses. Ignavumque nimis cursum frænavit equorum-Impatiens Natura moræ furibunda negavit Absolvi menses—communis nescia fati Ex vteri clausis prorupit stella tenebris— Frigora nimbosis non Autumnalia brumis Enecucre rosas—nostris en Gallica terris Alba vel invito revirescent lilia Phœbo:--Cæsaris antiquam decoravit Julia Romam. Nunc æquet Tibrim Thamesis; jussuq Tonantis In terram missi major sit gloria partus, Sera polum repetat Princeps, et regia cœli Hanc tarde excipiat, quæ festinavit in ortum.

IN DECIMUM SEPTIMUM DIEM 9BRIS.

F18*7

Quid campana frequens nostras circumsonat aures,
Incipit et solito lætior ire dies,
Ignea quid sacris colluccat ignibus æthra?
Hæc causa est animo concipienda meo.
Sustulit illa trucem, lux ô memoranda, Mariam
Semper Evangelicis lux veneranda piis.
Sustulit erroris teucheras, lucemque reduxit
Angligenis, cessit terror, et error abest.
Regia cum virgo, virtute insignis et armis,
Imperii capit frema tenere patris.

Quam præsens ætas, quam sæcula sera nepotum (Addita cælicolæ sit licet illa gregi) Semper honorabunt, oblivia nulla Britannûm Reginæ capient pectora grata suæ.

[19*] Et cum cælicolis cæleste capessere regnum. Non illam vitæ fragilis respectus agebat Retrorsum, dum certa fides æterna petebat. Non majestas imperii, regnique potestas Non sæcli illecebra aut quicquam mortale moratur Chara recessisti popularibus Anna, suique Non gravius desiderium nec Elisa reliquit Optima, quæ rerum nuper flectebat habenas, Par pietas in vtrâque, eadem moderatio summæ Fortunæ, paucis virtus concessa viris, quos Ipsos in vitium quoque magna potentia mutat. Æqua fuit mansuetudo, clementia compar, Sed tua non tam conspicua, illustrisque patebat Gratia, nec potuit non regia sceptra tenenti. Augusta hæc melius regi data jura marito, Sed neque vt hoc vuum sic omnia cesseris illi, [20*] Vxor eras, hoc tu videare beatior illà. Adde viri talis tanti quod principis vxor, Adde, quod et caput est, tam pulchrå prole parentem, Non te ergo discunt oculi lachrymare coacti, Sed veros gemitus dolor exprimit, ex animo te Mærent, ex imo ducunt suspiria corde. Vsque adeo lugere juuat solatium inane, Quod pietate quidem faciunt humanitus omnes, Sed melior tua jam sors est, nec flebilis vlli, Hoccine erat modo quod tantum fulgere Cometam Vidimus, e terris et te poscebat Olympo? Creditur an melius non hæc portendere quicquam Triste, sed incerti sunt ista παθήματα cæli? Æneas simulacra modis pallentia miris Anchisæ manes genitoris et ora requirens, Alemenen vidit Phædram, mæstamque Eriphylen Has tibi non inter locus obtigit; alta supremi.

IN CHÆREMONEM.

[21*]

Quod nimium laudas, Cheremon Stoice, mortem, Vis animum mirer suspiciamque tuum. Hanc tibi virtutem fractá facit vrceus ansâ, Et tristis nullo qui tepet igne focus. Et teges et eimes, et nudi sponda grabati, Et brevis atque eadem nocte dieque toga. O quam magnus homo es, qui facee rubentis aceti, Et stipula et nigro pane carere potes! Luconicis agedum tumeat tibi culcita lanis, Constringatque tuos purpura pexa toros: Dormiat et tecum qui cum modo Cæcuba miscet Convivas roseo torserat ore puer: O quam tu cupies ter vivere Nestoris annos,

Et nihil ex vlla perdere luce voles! Rebus in angustis facile est contemnere vitam, Fortiter ille facit qui miser esse potest.

PRISCIANUS VERBERANS ET VAPULANS.

[22*]

Pierides suadela scholæ, tutela Scholarchæ, Dicite Virgiferæ nova prælia, dicite Musæ.

Pinguibus in populi, qui dicitur Austricus arvis, Præturam, fasces, lictores nuper adepta Villa antiqua, novo jam Burgi turget honore: Omnia magna illic, meliora prioribus annis: Et nova multa illic. Molli de vellere vestem Jam sibi pannifices ad publica munia texunt. Et, qui curta modo gestabant pallia patrum, Nunc tardo videas gressu graudire togatos, Progenies plebeia fuit, generosula nunc est: Turba fuit; jam turma cluit, sapiensque Senatus Vno qui superat sapientes nomine Graios.

Paugite Virgiferæ nova munia, pangite Musæ. Ecce nova læc inter, migrans de sedibus imis Et renovata schola est. Sedet illie proximus hæres Post Bathypogonem Nisus: studiosa juuentus Sub Niso discunt Musarum elementa magistro, Grafinatici vt flant, vt Rhetores, atque Poetæ. Grande doceutis onus, magni ingratique labores, Sed nou magna nimis stipendia, munera nulla, Non vt vult ratio, sed vt indulgentia matrum,

[23*]

Fas præceptori virgam vibrare, nec vnguam Plectenda est meritis puerorum audacia plagis, Ne plagæ linguarum, et lis furiosa sequantur,

Dicite Virgiferæ fera jurgia, dicite Musa. Vicinæ senior Carbonius incola villæ. Duxerat huc natum bino cum fratre docendum. Ævi ter ternos numerantem circiter annos, De stipe consentit genitor; Carbunculus intrat, Aggrediturque recens Latiæ conamina linguæ, Qualia Colloquiis puerilia pensa ministrat Castalio, et facili Ciceronis epistola textu, Fabulaque Æsopi. Canis hic est vmbra natantis, Hic lupus inter oves, ingratique hospitis index Rusticus et Coluber: Colubros (tu Nise) caveto. Fabula ne similis de te narretur. Alumni Quos gremio accipimus Musarum lacte fovendos.

Sæpe in nos acuunt virosæ spicula caudæ. Pellite Virgiferæ damnosa pericula Musæ.

Vix annum emensus Carbunculus iste secundum. Non virgă cruciante, minisve exterritus vllis, Audet abesse scholå, vacuamque relinquere sedem. Incertum, num sponte suâ, jussuve parentum: Sed neque cum Nisi veniâ, quæ libera (patres Discere sive velint, hinc seu discedere natos) Nec prorsus, quæ pacta fuit, mercede solutâ, Absque valedicto cassa est discessio. Cur puerum Nisi imperiis emancipet? Annon Clam fugiens miles, tamen a duce miles habendus? Dicite Virgiferæ quam justum hoc, dicite Musæ.

Post aliquot menses semel huc, iterumque recurrit. Acceditque scholam, non plenam, vt sedulus hospes, Sed vacuam, furtim irrepens, vt perfidus hostis. Discipulis, Nisoque absentibus, Improba quid non Effrænis pueri petulantia? Stabat ibidem Fortis equus, sed non qui vicit Olympia cursu. Trojano potius similis, fabricatus vterque E ligno, in pænam sero sapientis vterque, Phryæ plagis melior, sic et puer. Iste Caballus Non in perniciem, non vrbis, vt ille, ruinam, Sed curam imberbis populi, regimenque salubre, Hunc equitans petulans, temeraria, tarda juuentus Sanior evadit, legemque lubentius audit. A triplici ligno lignum hoc pænale tuetur Præcipitem ætatem, nimis (ah miserabile) multos Virgis intactos tetigit ferale capistrum.

Dicite Virgiferæ virgarum commoda Musæ. Quid vero, nam quid meruit (Carbuncule) de te [24*]

[25*]

[26*]

Noster equus, nisi quod fueris rarissimus illi Insessor, leni tantum de verbere notus, Vel nisi quod pueris ne sessio durior esset, Gestabat floccis suffertam mollibus al'um? Tu terebrare cavas vteri, et tentare latebras Non veritus, strictumque in viscera mittere cultrum Floccea dispergens hine atque hine ilia, rides Sie elumbata inhonesto vulnere costas.

Plangite Virgiferæ, nova vulnera, plangite Musæ. Hoc fortasse viri specimen, vel milite digna Laoconteæ virtus erat æmula dextræ. Qui sacrum validà temeravit cuspide robur. Viteriora cano: Sed fœda, infanda, favete Auribus, et linguis, et naribus; omnia vix est Fas aperire mihi: Musarum scilicet aram Sic in haram verti, et nidum sordere Minervæ? Indignantis equi dorso, colloque lutosis Insultat pedibus, sed et hoc breve, vincula solvit, Demittit braccas, non pænas rite daturus, Sed male sumpturus, damnum patiente Caballo. Vah, mihi ventriculus narranti nauseat, audet Sarcinulam in tergo miseri deponere fædam, Qua saturi, gravidique solent onerare cloacam. Forte ratus sev qui sic viscera sparsit equina, Intestinorum bene linguere farta suorum; Aut fore censebat vindictam hanc clunibus aptam. Illa quod in teneros fabricata est machina clunes: Et ne sicea nimis quadrupes opsonia portet, Funduntur largo latices cum flumine salsi: Talia vix avidis opponas fercula porcis. Plectite Virgiferæ tam turpia, plectite Musæ.

[27*]

Nullus inest natibus pudor, aut reverentia famæ, Quæ tantum nôrunt tacto erubuisse flagello: Se tamen (indecores quia sunt) velamine condunt: Sed minor huic fronti pudor est, quam clunibus ipsis, [28*] Scilicet in mediæ peccantem luce diei Non texit tutis male conscia cura latebris, Non clausit motus ipse fores; sed janua cuivis Intercurrenti sontem fassura patebat; Forte superveniens abiturum limine in ipso Se componentem, discinctaque vincla ligantem Viderat Androgeos; se visum vt senserat, inde Cursu stereorius puer aufugit, atque in apricum Ambulat expatians, et se popularibus addit: Inque foro jactat, captans a crimine laudem; Dumque recens scelus est, quod jam sine teste patrarat Haud patitur sine teste tegi: namque vnus, et alter,

[29*]

Nisi e discipulis ex ipsius audiit ore, Hostem quam validis sternacem straverat armis.

Scribite Virgiferæ facinus laudabile Musæ.
Impubis repeteus solitas post praudia sedes
Turba, stupet laceri deformia membra Caballi,
Atque horret fædæ spectacula sordida stragis.
Sedula pars plagas que non metuisse solebat,
Indignabundi Musarum opprobria lugent.
Sed pars improbor meritorum guara malorum,
Mortifera hæc tortoris equi fore vulnera sperant,
Projiciendum avidis olidum atque elumbe cadaver,
Prædam, non canibus, sed flammis, affore lougum
Virgis iustitium, et puerilibus otia ludis:

Pellite, Virgiferæ prohibete hæc otia Musæ. Postmodo Nisus adest, circumspicit, ambulat, instat, Mirantes pueros, set enim miratur et ipse, Insolitum, ingratum naso persentit odorem, Absque cane, aut alio se produnt iudice monstra Talia: jam turpes oculis et naribus horret Exuvias, creditque nimis, quod cernere vix dum [30*] Sustinet, arma (nefas) fidissima vindicis arma Justitiæ, frænum puerorum, fulera seholarum A pueris mutilata et conspurcata tenellis? Quid dicat, quid non? sed cum hæc malefacta fugaci A puero, qui se nido subduxerat ante Patrata audîsset, taciturnus omittit, et horâ Commodiore suum refici emungique caballum Curat, et antiquum reddi per membra nitorem.

Fortior a sævo sic Miles vulnere surgit. Sumite Virgiferæ nova robora, sumite Musæ. Septima jam Phœbe reparabat cornua. Ingeminaturus facinus redit, atque secundos Acturus (tulerat quia primum impunè) triumphos; Non jam solivagus, fido comitatus Achate, Vt fælix habeat repetita audacia testem, Adducit comitem, simul hi vacua atria lustrant. Inque scholam currunt, vacuam credebat vterq, Sicque aptam sceleris. Sed non est prospera semper [31*] Improbitas, duo discipuli maturius adsunt, Et libros relegunt: horum Carbunculus vni, Quid libri legis? ille genus, titulumque recenset Authoris, viso, tum intercipit iste, libello, Quam fatuus vobis qui talia scripta ministrat, Præceptor? vox hæc sublimi digna flagello. Ausus quinetiam virgam contingere, dextrâ Vibrat: nec meminit sua se tractare pericla Vimine Virgiferæ quo ludit, lædite Musæ.

Improvisus adest (sors ô percommoda) Nisus. Hortatur comitem fari quo sanguine cretus, Cur veniat, memoret, num fiat vt hujus alumnus, Discipulusque scholæ? respondens advena. dicit Illi se comitem, consanguinitate propinquum Advenisse simul: sed ab hoc conversus ad istum, Nisus ait, tu noster ades Carbuncule salve, Expectate diu, et frustra, puer optime, nostræ Te Musæ. geniusque scholæ, puerique sodales Optabant reducem multis jam mensibus, annon Nunc oblita tibi schola que te nostra docebat? Sed quiddam est nostris quod non didicisse videris Præceptis, insons sensit tua tela Caballus. Fulmine læsa tuo doluerunt viscera, terga Infami fœdata luto atque aspergine tetrâ, Tum virgam poscit, deprompta est virgula vindex.

Tollite Virgiferæ sublimem, tollite Musæ, Conscius ille sibi meritum non deprecor (inquit) Supplicium, non hoe me perpetràsse negabo, Sed tam triste genus pœnarum avertere quæro, Sontem castiga baculo vel vimine; contra Nisus ad hæe, tua sed peccàrunt posteriora Posteriora luent, in equum turpissime nostrum, Jamque veheris equo (sic talio poscit) codem.

Talia Virgifera pro talibus addite Musse.
Protinus ascendit reparati dorsa Caballi,
Sentit equus pondus, nullique lubentius vnquam
Submittens oneri, solatur pristina justis
Vulnera verberibus, simul intus adbinnit ab imis
Ilibus, his phaleris isto sessore superbit,
Sed cohibens iram suavi moderamine Nisus
Noluit asperiore manu, tristive flagello
Quamlibet audacis pellem lacerare puelli,
Inflixit tantum septem mediocriter ictus
Plures optet equus, plures daret arbiter æquus.
Plectite Virgifera modicum sed parcite Musse.
Clementes penas et secum molliter actum

Clementes pœnas et secum molliter actum Viginti plagas sese expectasse fatetur Sponte puer, sed ne sceleris contagio serpat Longius, exemploque magis quam crimine lædat Ex præceptoris jussu normadque scholarum Submisse veniam a sociis ipsoque precatur. Se non justa modo sed grata parentibus ipsis Censuerat Nisus fecisse, sibique daturos Hunc atque hanc meritas duplici sub nomine grates Quod castigàrset, quod miti verbere natum, Primomi laudāsset prudens pater, aque secundum

[32*]

[33*****]

[34*]

Indulgens mater, sed qui placuisse putabat Ambobus, contra satis hostes repperit ambos. O sortem invisam, et coeptis contraria nostris Fata, laboriferos quæ tædia, bella magistros Horrida bella manent, et inexpectata parentum Litigia, heu quam prompta bonis mala gratia factis

Rumpite Virgiferæ calamos et scrinia Musæ. Mensis abit, Niso occurrit Carbonius. Nisus in auriculam, bone vir, stipendia restant Debita iam toto binis pro fratribus anno. [35*] Natis nempe tuis, et opus mihi, da rogo. Ille, mihi potius reddenda pecunia, natis Hand nimium bonus es. Respondit Nisus. Abunde Laudabas operam vestra erga pignora nostram, Quis tibi nunc videor? Sed me docet alta vetustas. Vt quimus, quum non vt quærimus, est adipisci: Luce sequente redit comitatus conjuge et irâ, Causatusque moras, tandem se debita dicit Solvere, tum numerat nummos sed parte minutos Octavâ, et quasi sic stipendia tota dedisset, Vult sibi vt absolvens acceptilatio detur Consignata manu Nisi, atque a teste probata, Strictum hoc atque novum, sed devorat omnia Nisus, Cui stat damna pati, potius quam bella, fliguræ Rhetoricæ suadent pro toto sumere partem.

Discite Virgiferæ tolerare incommoda Musæ. Egregia interea conjux arma omnia linguæ Promit, et accendens verbis odia aspera diris [36*1 Imperiosa, minax, vindictam et prælia spirat, Instigatque virum quasi nato cæde perempto, Vah, quid in os Nisi bona Carbonissa loquuta est, Partem aliquam Denti Eumenidum referatis ad aures, Quis memoret sparsas strepitoso e gutture sordes, Frendentes dentes, spumantia labra furore, Inque caput Nisi cumulata opprobria, plaustro Digna, et ripivomas sub aquis morsante cathedrâ, Quinetiam manibus quasi pugnatura lacessit. At Nisus quoniam nullum memorabile nomen Fæmineâ in lucta, nec habent convicia laudem Mutua, congressum abrumpens, ipsamque maritumq In medio solos linguit (sibi providus) agro. Bellax ille pater, bellatrix tu quoque mater, Impatiens mater magis an puer improbus ille Improbus ille puer, furialis tu quoque mater. [37*] Jurgia Virgiferæ fugite ô muliebria Musæ.

Callidior pater: ille sinu concluserat iras, Namque ideo conscriptam apocham nihil indicamenti Sumpserat a Niso, ne pugna reciproca turbet Postmodo juridico facturum vulnera telo. In jus ad fagrum rapiendus verbero Nisus Sie dominata viro vult implacabilis vxor. Subditus imperiis vult et sie velle maritus, Ne sereret lites, lis nempe domestica major Auribus obstreperet, noctesque diesque gravaret, Quid faceret? turpe est videndas texere lites Non urgere dolor; pudor est qui suadeat illine Istic suadet amor: pudor ipsi cessit amori, Cessit et imperio, socie menseque torique Vota negarentur: poterat nec amata videri Xantippe tonuit, densantur nubila, spissus Irruit aut Nisi in caput aut in Socratis imber.

[38*]

Dicite Virgiferæ verbosa tonitrua Musæ. Nulla mora est, juristam adhibent de fonte dicarum Qui populo placita ad communia panditur, exit Schedula, quod vulgo Regis Breve dicitur, illo Mox capitur Nisus geminoque sub obside spondet Se responsurum præscripto tempore, tempus Cunctarum lux est animarum crastina. Actor quis? puer ipse virum qui provocat, annos Nondum bis senos superans: sed et actio quænam. Quod crimen? gravis atque atrox injuria, tristes Et tragicæ ambages, ampullæ sesquipedales. Quod contra regis pacem vi Nisus et armis Insultum fecit, male tractans verbere sævo Verberibus diris adeo plenisque pericli De pueri vitâ vt desperarentur. Adeste O medici, fuerint quam latæ quamque profundæ. Mortiferisque locis inflictæ, ostendite. plagæ; Quot rivi signum lună ingrediente malignum Sanguinis, et quoties animâ fugiente relapsus Scribite Virgiferæ lethalia vulnera Musæ. Pistrinum miseros lassat puerile magistros Privatusque labor: quod si his accesserit extra Rixæ et litis onus, quis tantæ pondera molis Sustineat? rapido luxatis turbine Musis Quæ vis, quæ virtus? genio quæ gratia fracto? Linquite Gymnasium collegæ, linquite, sceptrum Abjicite, haud nobis virgam tractare licebit Amplius indignis, pueros qui verbere dignos Iam castigemus vel molliter. Ecce parentes Quos decuit fundare scholas, fundamina tollunt. Sumite Collegæ nova munia, discite leges Suaui pro Cicerone, gravi celsoque Marone Brettonum, Cocum, Plæidonum evolvite, cæcas

[39*]

Γ40*1

Causarum latebras, Labyrinthiosque recessus,
Et l'issenorum rata veredicta virorum
Versate, at memores iterumque iterumque quotannis
Currere Loudinum pedites, si curta supellex
Non dat quadrupedem, nodosos solvite casus,
Num siet illieitum censoria virgula telum:
Plaga ad quod damnum: quid possit jure Scholarcha
Se defendendo proprii inter mænia teeti,
Si nil tale habeaut rotulorum exempla virorum,
Nunc dabitur: VERSVS NISVM CARBYNCVLVS: ecce
Nisus jamprimum Nisus miser ambulat in jus:
Non metuit vinci, sed sic pugnare molestum est.
Prælia Virgiferæ lugete forensia Musæ.

Effudi Nisus, Musa est medicina, poetas Si non tutetur, saltem solatur Apollo.

DE NUMMORUM VI.

Quid faciant leges, vbi sola pecunia regnat,
Aut vbi paupertas vincere nulla potest.
Ipsi qui Cynică traducunt tempora scenă,
Nonunquam nummis vendere verba solent,
Ergo judicium nihil est, nisi publica merces,
Iudex in causă qui sedet, cmpta probat.
Si Phœbi soror es mando tibi (Delia) causam,
Scilicet vt fratri que peto, verba feras.
Marmore Sicanio struxi tibi (Delphice) templum,
Et levibus calamis candida verba dedi:
Si nos nunc audis, atque es divinus Apollo,
Dic mihi, qui nummos non habet vude petat.

AD CONDYLUM.

[42*]

Quæ mala sunt domini, quæ servi comoda nescis Condyle, qui servum te gemis esse diu. Dat tili securos vilis tegeticula somnos, Pervigil in pluma Cajus ecce jacet. Cajus a prima tremebundus luce salutat Tot dominos: at tu, Condyle, nec dominum, Quod debes (Caji) redde inquit Paulus, et illinc Ciunamus, luce dicit Condyle nemo tibi. Tortorem metuis? podagrā chiragrāq, secatur Cajus, et mallet verbera mille pati. Mente quod ægrotus neque sis, nec corpore langues Hoc tua paupertas (Condyle) sola dedit.

Ad cænam si me diversa vocaret in astra Hine invitator Cæsaris, inde Jovis. Astra licet proprius, palatia longius essent, Responsa ad superos hæe referenda darem. [43*]

Quærite qui malit fieri conviva Tonantis, Me meus in terris Jupiter ecce tenet.

AD CANDIDUM.

Prædia solus habes, et solus (Candide) numos Aurea solus habes, myrrhena solus habes, Massica solus habes, et dulcia Cœuba solus, Et cor solus habes solus et ingenium. Omnia solus habes, nec me puto velle negari: Vxorem sed habes (Candide) cum populo.

AD SEXTUM.

[44*]

Que te causa trahit, vel que fiducia Romam Sexte, quid aut speras, aut petis inde, refer. Causas (inquis) agam Cicerone disertius ipso, Aque erit in triplici par mihi nemo foro. Egit Atestinus causas, et Cajus, vtrumque Noras, sed nulli pensio tota fuit. Si nihil hine veniet, pangentur carmina nobis, Laudatum dices esse Maronis opus, Insanis: omnes gelidis quieunque lacernis Sunt ibi, Nasones Virgiliosque vides. Atria magna colam: vix tres aut quaturo ista Res aluit, pallet caetera turba fame. Quid facian ? suade, nam certume est vivere Romæ Si bonus es, casu vivere Sexte potes.

[45*]

AD FLACCUM.

O mihi curarum pretium non vile mearum (Flacce) Antenorei spes et alumne laris: Pierios differ cantusq) chorosque sororum,

Æs dabit ex istis nulla puella tibi: Quid petis a Phœbi, nummos habet arca Minervæ Hæc sapit, hæc omnes fænerat vna deos Quid possent hederæ Bacchi dare? Palladis arbor Inclinat varias pondere nigra comas: Præter aquas Helicon et serta, lyrasq deorum Nil habet, et magnum sed perinane sophos: Quid tibi cum Cirrhâ quid cum Permesside nudă Romanum propius, divitiusque forum est: Illic æra sonant: at circum pulpita nostra Et steriles cathedras basia sola crepant.

AD ATTALUM.

[46*]

Semper agis causas, et res agis Attale semp Est, non est, quod agas, Attale semper agis. Si res et causæ desint, agis (Attale) mulos, (Attale) ne quod agas desit, agas animam.

EPITAPHIUM MINIS MORTUL

Plumeus hic recubat non re sed nomine dictus Et pluma levius si quid habemus, homo. Quo morbo perijt? nullo, sed corpore sanum Ac animo nobis hunc rapuere minæ. Quis dedit exequias? asinus pro tempore raucos Acriter increpitans in pede et ore sonos. Quis vespillo fuit? cervus damæque fugaces, Quis cecinit? lepores, nænia qualis crat? Prosequimur bombo timidum crepituq cadaver Ventorum, periit quod, sine morte, minis.

Sancte senex, sanctique decus sublime Senatus	[47
Imperii columen, relligionis apex.	
Auspice quo pietas hominum miserata labores,	

Contingi.

EΠΙΚΗΔΙΟΝ IN BEATAM FÆLICIS MEMORLÆ REGINAM ANNAM.

Defunctam Regina potens te carmine dicam Heroo, cligis non obscurare deceret Exiguis tanti splendorem nominis, aut fas Deflere ad sedes properantem hine ire beatas,

Εὶ μὲν ἄπαξ ἦν μοῖοαν ὑπεκπροφύγοντα, βιῶναι [47α*]

Έξις ἀἐἀνατον καὶ ἀγήρων ἢματα πάντα,
Εἰκος ἄν ἦν ἐπὶ τοῖς τεθνήροι πένθος ἄρεσθαι.
Νῖν ὁἱ ἀποκεἰμενὸν ἐστι τὸ μόροιμον ἦμαρ ἐκἀστις,
Κἄν βασιλεὺς, κἄν δοῦλος ὑπάρξη, τὰ σε μαλά χρη
Εὐ ἐλαφοῦς τε φέρειν, ὅ, τι πάοα φέρει σοὶ ἀνάγτη.
Κἄν γὰς τὶς φα ἐἀνη μεγάλου βασιλῆος ἄκοιτις,

Ἡ καὶ παιδ΄ ἀγαπητὸν ἀνημείφαντο ἐὐελλαι,

κλλα γ΄ ἐν οὐρανῆ ἐστι βίος βασιλεύτερος ἄλλος.
Φαοὶ μὲν ὡς ἄφα σῆμα κατ' οὐφανὸν ἐστίριξε
Τὸν στέφανον Λιόννσοος ἀποκχομένης ᾿Αριάδνης,
Οὕτως ἤρατο νίν τὴν ημετέρην βασιλισσαν
Αὐτῆ τῷ στεφανῆ δέχεται νῖν οὕφανος εὐφύς.

Ποίην τὶς βιότοιο τάμοι τοββον, εἰν ἀγορῆ μέν Νείκεα καὶ χάλεπαι πράξιες, ἐν δε δόμοις Φροντίδες, ἐν δε ἀγορῖς καμάτων ἄλις, ἐν δε θαλάσση Τάρβος, ἐπὶ ξείνης ἢν μέν ἔχις τὶ, δεός.
"Ην ἀπουῖς, ἀντίρον ἔχεις γάμον; οὐκ ἀμερμνος "Εσεκαι οὐ γαμέεις; ἔξις ἐτ' ἐρημότερον.
Τέκνα πόνοι πίρωσις ἄπαις βίος: αὶ πεότητες "Αφρονες: αὶ πόλιαι δ' ἔμπαλιν ἀδράνεες.
"Ην ἄφα τοῖν δυοῖν ένὸς αῖρεσις, ἢ τὸ γενέσθαι Μηδέποτ', ἢ τὸ θανεῖν αὐτίκα τικτόμενον.



